THE MORNING STAR.

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper

In North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
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OUTLINES.

Washington News—Naval advices; the new Spanish Minister presented to the President; Col. Rice, of Albany, to be Civil Service Commissioner; Treasury statement. —— Chicago grain and provision market. —— British ships and troops have left Corinto, Nicaragua. —— Base ball games yesterday. —— Three persons drowned while crossing a river in Texas. —— Severe wind and rain storm in Alabama. —— Cotton spots and futures. —— Prize-fighters—A vicious battle between O'Donnell and Killrain; the latter knocked out in the twenty-first round; seven thousand people present. —— South Carolina—Argument began in the dispensary injunction case before the U. S. Court in Columbia. —— The Supreme Court of Louisiana has decided against prize-fights. —— The Florida Legislature has passed a law prohibiting prize-fights. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1½@2 per cent., last loan at 1½ per cent., and closing offered at 1½@2 cent. cotton quiet; middling gulf 7 1-16 cents; middling uplands 6 13-16 cents; Southern flour quoted quiet and steady; common to fair extra $2.25@3.10; good to choice do. $3 20@3.70; wheat dull, lower and weak; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 66 cents; afloat 67¼ cents; corn quiet and lower with options; No. 2 at elevator 57⅛ cents; afloat 58⅛ cents; spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 30@30¼c; rosin dull but steady, strained common to good $1.52½@1.55.

Ex-Secretary of the Treasury, Charles Foster, of Ohio, says the Republicans will go in for sound money and bimetallism. But we here take occasion to say they will play the bimetallism for all it is worth.

Mr. Chauncey M. Depew says the issue next time will be "good times and hard times." The Republican stock in trade is "hard times," and they are not particularly anxious for anything else until after the next fight.

A New York man wants a divorce on the ground that he was hypnotized into marriage. If all the men who were hypnotized into marriage sued for divorces the divorce courts would have to put up annexes and hire extra help.

A convict walked out of Jefferson Market police Court in New York the other day the attendants thinking he was one of the lawyers. The people around there are not sure whether the joke is on the convict, the attendants or the lawyers.

A couple of women died in Chicago last week who could well remember when Indians were numerous in Chicago and white families had to sleep in the forts. Unless that town is much misrepresented there are a good many scalpers there now.

In all the excitement about things that happen on either side of the big salt pond the Washington *Star* never permits itself to lose sight of the number of men employed in the building of the new postoffice and to make daily mention of it.

The State Convention of Republican Clubs of Kentucky which met last week resolved and resolved, but they took mighty good care to play mum on the silver question. And that's what they are all going to do until the bosses get together, compare notes, agree upon a plan and tip them the wink.

The beef cornerers in Chicago overreached themselves in that combine, for they shoved beef up so high that the average man had to take to codfish and sausage, and quit eating beef. The result was a reduction of sales that knocked the bottom out of their calculations, and probably also out of the combine.

It is said that during the racket between Japan and China some Japanese divers were sent down to remove some torpedoes, and Chinese divers were sent down to stop that business. There was a submarine fight with knives, and as the Chinese couldn't run down there the Japanese did them up and removed the torpedoes. That's the first fight of that kind on record, and the Japs proved that they could not only fight on water, but under it.

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVI.—NO. 35. WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY, MAY 7, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,740

THE MORNING STAR, THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNIVERSITY of Virginia.
JAS. D. NUTT—Soap Luxury.
R. R. BELLAMY & Co.—Druggists.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

MONEY—For men and women.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Local forecast: Probably fair and cooler Tuesday; light to fresh easterly winds.

— Stonewall Lodge K. of P. last night elected Mr. I. L. Greenwald representative to the Grand Lodge, which meets at Mount Airy in August next. Mr. J. W. Hopkins alternate.

— Thirteen refrigerator cars were sent from here to stations on the W and W. road, yesterday, to load with strawberries. Three points heard from in the early afternoon had furnished 1,700 crates.

— The Swedish barque *Gustave Metzler* cleared yesterday for Norrkoping and Gifle, Sweden, with 1,960 bales of cotton, valued at $48,195. Cargo by H. McFadden & Bro., vessel by E. Peschau & Co.

— The "Wild Woolly West" is improving on baseball. In all the games played yesterday, except one, the Eastern clubs were beaten. Pittsburg beat Brooklyn 12 to 1, and Chicago "whitewashed" Washington.

— Mr. Melvin E. Carter, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Fifth North Carolina District, died at his home in Asheville, Sunday. He was one of the most prominent men of his section. He was about 50 years old.

— The C. F. & Y. V. R. R. will sell round trip tickets for Raleigh on account of the Confederate monument unveiling. Tickets on sale May 19th and 20th. Rate from Wilmington, $2.70; Fayetteville, $1.55; Maxton, $2.30.

— Mr. Henry E. Bonitz, of this city, has accepted an invitation from the Confederate Memorial Association to deliver the address at Wayman's Church, Columbus county, on the 10th. This is a compliment that is appreciated by Mr. Bonitz's friends.

— Persons desirous of connecting themselves with George Davis Camp Sons of Confederate Veterans, may obtain application blanks at the Market street drug store of Messrs. Wm. H. Green & Co. Those who contemplate joining the organization are requested to act as promptly as possible.

— "Sport," the old dog which ran with the "Atlantic's" hose reel many years, has made his last run. He died yesterday evening at the home of his owner, Mr. Jno. Burkhimer, a member of the company. Sport was never known to be absent at a fire, night or day, and will be missed by members of the company.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. John D. Shaw, of Rockingham, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Master Mark V. Farmer, of Wilson, is in the city visiting relatives.

— Mr. L. B. Best and wife, of Warsaw, are in the city on a visit to friends.

— Mr. A. F. Francis, of Augusta, Ga., boiler inspector, is in the city on business.

— U. S. District Attorney Chas. B. Aycock, of Goldsboro, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. P. V. Alderman has returned from a business visit to Weldon and Richmond.

— Mr. Robert L. Gates of the Atlantic Coast Line Car Accountant's office, has returned from visiting friends in Petersburg, Va.

—Messrs. W. N. Marine, Marines; E. L. Pearce, Scott's Hill; J. H. Lewis, Hamlet; E. C. Cohen, Clinton, J. S. Hartsell, Goldsboro, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— General Manager Kenly of the Atlantic Coast Line, has returned from Baltimore where he went to visit his brother who was severely injured by an accident. The condition of the latter is very encouraging.

— Mr. S. Ed. Gerken, formerly, of this city, who has been connected with the Jacksonville, Florida, *Citizen* for the past few years, is here on a visit to relatives. Ed. was once with the Coast Line and is well known here.

Death of Mr. G. W. Sealey.

Mr. W. M. Poisson, Secretary of St. John's Lodge of Masons, of this city, received intelligence from a lodge in Philadelphia on yesterday of the death of Mr. G. W. Sealey in that place on the 1st instant.

Mr. Sealey came to North Carolina from Philadelphia about 1854 or 1855, and was employed by the late Dr. H. H. Robinson, at Elizabethtown as a brickmaker for a number of years. During the latter part of the war and for a few years thereafter he resided in this city in the employment of Mr. Geo. Harriss, after which he and his family moved from here to Philadelphia. At the time of his death and for a long period of years he was a member of St. John's Lodge of Masons of this city. For years he had been a sufferer from consumption. He was represented as being a good and true man.

Negro Thieves Caught.

Fred. Hill, a colored boy, was arrested yesterday evening about 5 o'clock, for snatching a pocketbook from Miss Draper near the corner of Third and Orange streets.

Wm. H. McKoy, colored, was arrested last night about 10 o'clock by officer J. R. Davis, charged with stealing some clothing from Henry Fields, who lives on Bladen street. He entered Fields' house Sunday night, and took the clothing. McKoy is a vagabond from Rocky Point.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

Regular Meeting of the Board—Features of the Tax Law Under the Revenue Act.

The Board of Commissioners of New Hanover county met yesterday in regular session. Present: Messrs. H. A. Bagg (chairman), B. G. Worth, E. L. Pearce, Jas. C. Stevenson, B. S. Montford.

County Treasurer S. VanAmring submitted his monthly report for April, 1895, with vouchers showing balance on hand May 1st, $91,076.20.

Register of Deeds Haar submitted his report, showing 26 marriage licenses issued during April.

Col. John D. Taylor, clerk of the Superior Court, reported $9.00 paid to the sheriff for jury tax, to the treasurer $25 incorporation tax.

H. L. Horne, tax assessor for Masonboro township, sent in his resignation, and on motion the Board appointed N. A. Layton as his successor.

W. D. Rhodes, appointed assessor for Federal Point township, not being a free holder, J. W. Canady was appointed in his place.

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Stevenson was adopted, viz:

It appearing to the satisfaction of a joint meeting of the Board of Commissioners and Board of Education that they jointly are indebted to Jas. H. Chadbourn, Jr., as surety on bond of Treasurer Elijah Hewlett in the sum of $9,715.63 for moneys lost in the failure of the First National Bank of Wilmington, N. C., this amount being divided as follows: General fund of the county $3,709.91, and school fund $6,005.72; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the chairman of the Board of Commissioners and the Board of Education be authorized to pay over to Mr. Chadbourn this loss, in accordance with an act of the Legislature of 1895, providing for the same.

Some of the features of the tax levy under Schedules B and C of the Revenue Act are—

Dealers in cigars, cheroots, tobacco and cigarettes, 5 cents per thousand cigars and cheroots, one-half cent per pound on manufactured smoking and chewing tobacco, and 5 cents per thousand cigarettes.

Liquor dealers, or any social club or association, incorporated or otherwise, which handles spiritous, vinous or malt liquors for the use of its members or guests fifty dollars for each six months for selling quantities of five gallons or less and one hundred dollars for each six months if selling in quantities of over five gallons: selling malt liquors exclusively, $10 for each six months.

Druggists dealing in liquors, fifty dollars.

On each billiard table or pool table, bowling alley or alley of like kind, kept for public use, where liquor is sold, $50.

Skating rinks, bagatelle tables, merry-go-rounds, hobby horses, switch-backs (unless for private amusement) $20.

Toll-bridges, toll-gates and ferries, 2 per cent. on gross receipts.

Livery stables, 50 cents each six months for every horse or mule kept for hire.

Commission merchants, brokers or dealers, buying or selling, one per cent. on commissions.

Auctioneers, one-fourth of one per. cent. on gross amount of sales.

Lightning-rod peddlers, $20 per annum.

Circuses or menageries, for each day or part of day, $100; each side-show $50.

On each marriage license, one dollar, to be paid to the register of deeds.

NEW YORK TRUCK MARKETS.

Full and Reliable Reports of Markets For Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 6.—Strawberries plentiful from North Carolina and Florida. Asparagus, good supply, quality irregular. Lettuce weak, good supply. Kale and spinach steady. Cucumbers weak. Squash quiet. Asparagus, extra, dozen bunches, $3.25 to 3.00; do prime, $1.25 to 2.00; do culls 75c to $1.00. Beets, Florida, crate, $2.00 to 3.00. Cabbages, Florida, per barrel crate, $4.50 to 5.50; do Charleston, $4.00 to 5.00. Cucumbers, Florida, crate, $1.50 to 3.00. Celery, New Orleans, dozen stalks, 25 to 75c. Kale, Norfolk, per barrel, 40 to 60c. Lettuce, Florida, basket, 50 to 75c; do Charleston, 40 to 60c, do Norfolk, 30 to 50c; do Norfolk, per barrel, 75c to $1.25. Peas, Charleston, basket, 50c to $1.50; do Savannah, 25 to 75c; do North Carolina, basket, $1.25 to 1.75. Radishes, Norfolk, per barrel, 75c to $2.00. Spinach, Norfolk, per barrel, 50c to $1.00. String beans, Florida, wax, crate, 50c to $1.50; do green, 25c to $1.00. Squash, Florida, white, crate, 25 to 50c; do yellow, 25 to 75c. Tomatoes, Florida, carrier, $2 00 to 5 00; do Key West, $2 00 to 4 00; do crate, 75c to $3.00.

PHILADELPHIA, May 6.—Strawberries sold to-day at 10 to 16c; peas $2.50; cabbage $5 00 to 6.00; potatoes $5.00 to 6 00. Market active.

In the Bee Business.

Chief of Police J. R. Melton has gone into the bee business in earnest. He has been hiving stray swarms now for several days and has been successful up to yesterday, when he found a swarm in a tree on Second street, in front of Fennell's stables. He attempted to put them in a box without a face-protector, but the bees made it too warm for him, and he retired from the step-ladder after receiving several stings. Then Peter Jackson, colored, robed himself in a tow sack and took charge of the ladder, but he also retired with a few bees up his pant-legs. They were still there, unhived late in the afternoon.

Base Ball—Juveniles.

Teams from the Union and Hemenway schools played ball yesterday afternoon. Score: Union, 6; Hemenway, 8. Batteries for Union, Sellers, catch; Parker, pitch; for Hemenway, McDougald, catch; Genaust, pitch.

DEMOCRATS VICTORIOUS

IN ALL THE TOWNS AND CITIES IN THE STATE.

Result of Elections Held Yesterday—Republicans and Populists Everywhere Defeated.

[*Special Star Telegrams*]

RALEIGH, May 6.—The Democrats won by an unexpected large majority. Wm. Russ carried the city for Mayor by 819 majority. Ham F. Smith led the ticket for city clerk by 411 majority. W. B. Hutchins, tax collector, is re-elected by about 350 majority. The Democrats elected six aldermen and possibly one in the third ward. In the fourth ward the bolting Republican ticket was elected. Two Democrats in this ward were defeated by only seven votes each. The Board of Aldermen will stand seven Democrats and five Republicans or six each. Russ, Mayor, casts the deciding vote and Democratic administration is insured.

MAXTON, May 6.—The town election passed off quietly, with a pretty full vote of those registered. The Legislature abolished the ward system and left the town in the power of those who controlled the negroes. The registration, however, was not full, and they were content to elect a Populist for Mayor, one colored Republicans and three Democratic Commissioners. The present Mayor and four or five of the Commissioners are Democrats. The following are the officers elected to-day: J. D. Jowers, Mayor; J. W. Carter, C. A. Holland and Enoch Burns (Democrats) and H. W. Page (colored Republican), Commissioners.

FAYETTEVILLE, May 6.—The election to-day resulted as follows: For Mayor, W. S. Cook; for Aldermen, First Ward, William H. Powell and B. W. D. Jones; Second Ward, B. R. Taylor and A. B. Williams; Third Ward, D. A. McMillan and C. B. McMillan; Fourth Ward, J. A. King and Ronald McMillan; Fifth Ward, A. A. McKethan and John Roddick; Sixth Ward, W. F. Campbell and I. W. Clark; Seventh Ward, J. E. Garrett and A. B. Raiford. Board of Audit and Finance, J. D. McNeill, D. H. Ray and S. C. Rankin. All Democrats.

ASHEVILLE, May 6.—The entire Democratic ticket headed by Theo. F. Davidson for Mayor was elected by majorities ranging from 66 (Davidson's majority) down to nineteen. There was a very light vote.

Crawford, Democrat, for Congress carried the city last year by 148, but on very full vote.

ROCKINGHAM, May 6th.—The election at this place passed off without incident. The following Democratic ticket was elected: for Mayor, W. N. Everett, Commissioners, J. P. Leak, W. L. Scales, T. B. Covington, E. H. Edwards and M. T. Hinson. The mixed ticket headed by D. N. Smith was beaten by from one to sixty-two majority.

WELDON, May 6.—Our election passed off quietly. J. T. Gooch was elected Mayor. We elected seven aldermen—four white Democrats and three colored Republicans—all of whom are good men. The colored people here are very conservative. They always give us a majority on the board without a contest.

CONCORD, May 6.—No opposition to the Democratic Mayor. In ward four—a negro ward—two Republicans, J. N. Alexander and W. H. Blume were elected Aldermen. Jake Troger, negro, for School Commissioner, was defeated by a Democrat, majority 7. A Democrat gain of 49 per cent.

WARSAW, May 6.—Municipal election to-day. W. L. Hill for Mayor and J. E. Swinson, T. M. Moore, J. M. Loftin, C. E. Hussey, all Democrats, were elected Commissioners, and B. L. Blackmore, Republican, Commissioner. The graded school bill was defeated.

GOLDSBORO, May 6.—At the municipal election held here to-day the Democrats came out victorious, electing John H. Hill, Mayor, and all their aldermanic nominees—seven out of nine—all by large majorities. The votes were cast on the cumulative plan.

ROCKY MOUNT, May 6.—The regular Democratic ticket was elected by a large majority, and a gain on last November election. W. L. Thorp, Democrat, for Mayor, received 201 votes; D. Worthington, opposition, for Mayor, 67 votes.

NEWBERN, May 6.—Three Democratic and two Republican Aldermen elected. Same as last year. This ensures the re-election of Wm. Ellis (Democrat) Mayor; and a better or more competent man don't live here.

WINSTON, May 6.—The Salem municipal election passed off quietly to-day. Mayor Huser, Republican, and a Democratic Board of Commissioners were re-elected by majorities ranging from 100 to 150.

WINSTON, May 6.—The election passed off very quietly. The Democrats elected J. B. Temple, Mayor, by 121 majority. All the Democratic nominees for aldermen were elected.

SHELBY, May 6.—J. T. Gardner was re-elected Mayor by 30 majority over E. Y. Webb. Aldermen—H. T. Hudson, S. G. Brice, E. M. Beam, B. B. Blanton.

LUMBERTON, May 6.—The election here to-day was very quiet, there being but one ticket out. The Mayor and Commissioners are all Democrats.

CHARLOTTE, May 6—No opposition to the Democratic ticket. J. H. Weddington was elected Mayor, with a full Democratic Board of Aldermen.

WILSON, May 6.—The regular Democratic ticket is elected. We have no opposition here in the town election.

GREENSBORO, May 6.—Nelson, Democrat, has 116 majority over Boyd for Mayor. The Board is Democratic.

STATESVILLE, May 6.—Regular Democratic ticket elected without opposition.

MONROE, May 6.—The Democratic nominees are elected without opposition.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Regular Monthly Meeting—Reports of Committees—Financial Statement of the City Clerk and Treasurer—Various Matters Discussed.

The Board of Aldermen met last night in regular monthly meeting, with the Mayor and Aldermens Hicks, Harris, Northrop, Springer, Cameron, VonGlahn, Gore, Maunder, Walker and Nixon present. The committees were called upon and reported as follows:

Alderman Northrop of the Market Committee reported Front Street Market in bad condition.

Alderman Northrop, of the Public Building Committee, asked what action should be taken concerning the Opera House, as no rent had been paid for the past season.

Alderman Springer objected to any money being spent for improvement of the Opera House until it had been placed in other hands or some rents collected.

Alderman Harriss, former chairman of the Public Building Committee, stated that he had endeavored to collect rents but found it impossible.

Mr. Bunting, who was present, stated that Clerk and Treasurer Fennell had placed the matter in the hands of the city attorney but nothing had been collected.

Mr. E. K. Bryan, who was present to represent the City Attorney (the latter having been kept away on account of important business), stated that so far the City Attorney had been unable to collect the rents.

The matter was then referred to the Committee on Public Buildings with power to act.

Alderman Harriss, of the Streets and Wharves Committee, said a great deal of work was being done in different parts of the city where it was most needed.

Alderman Springer, of the Water Works Committee, said he had a voucher from them for $563, which he didn't know whether it was right or not. He was informed that it was the regular monthly payment for the poor water supply.

Alderman VonGlahn of the Fire Committee, said that the battery had been completely worn out, and upon recommendation of Mr. Scattergood, the electrician, and Mr. R. J. McIlhenny, a new battery had been ordered, which would be put in and be in perfect order in a few days.

Alderman Springer asked about the wire and was informed that it was in ordinary good condition, the trouble being in the battery.

Alderman Maunder reported progress by the Hospital committee.

Alderman Harriss said the special committee on water works had been doing "its level best" to make arrangements for more hydrants.

Alderman Cameron stated that Mr. Chase said the company would abide strictly by the regular contract with the city.

After much discussion on the dog ordinance, participated in by Aldermen Hicks and Harriss to double it, and Aldermen Springer and Northrop to continue the same tax, a motion prevailed to put the old ordinance in force

The following letter was read from Treasurer F. B. Rice:

Hon. S. H. Fishblate, Mayor, and the Board of Aldermen, and Gentlemen:

I have the honor to inform you that there were turned over to me as cash by Mr. Owen Fennell, late Treasurer, the following proofs of claims, to wit:

Bond account Nov. 9th, '71, on Bank of New Hanover for $5,748.80; General Fund No. 470 for $1,007.45; General Fund 1070 on First National Bank $1919.00.—Total $8674.45.

The cash account as per the records of this office shows May 1, 1895, amount on hand as $11,065.41; actual amount on hand, $2,390.96; difference, $8,674.45, being the amount of these "proofs of claims."

Two receipts were given Mr. Fennell, one for the actual cash, the other for these claims. To avoid any complication I would respectfully ask that some action be taken by you relative to the matter. I would beg to add that in stating the cash account I shall take into consideraton only the actual account. A separate and distinct account will be made as to these "proofs of claims."

Very respectfully,
FRED. B. RICE, Treasurer.

Alderman Hicks said he was glad this letter had been written as it showed no swindling or trouble had been participated in, as the money was lost through failure of banks, and he moved that these debts appearing as cash be erased or taken from the statement. Carried.

Letter from the Howard Relief Engine Company, asking permission to take engine, horses and reel to Newbern to be present at the State Convention, signed by J. G. L. Gieschen and J. W. Fuchs, was referred to Chief Newman and the Fire Committee.

Alderman VonGlahn said the Atlantic Company wished to go also.

W. P. Oldham's communication in regard to license tax was referred to the Finance Committee with power to act.

Application from Thomas H. Thornton to rent vacant lot on Fourth street near Hanover was referred to the Streets and Wharves committee with power to act.

A threatening communication from W. E. Worth & Co., and the Armour Packing Co., to sue the city if something was not done about sand being washed down on their property during rains, corner of Second street and the W. & W. R. R. tracks, causing considerable damage to property, was referred to the Streets and Wharves committee.

A petition asking that a bar-room should not be opened on the corner of Seventh and Harnett streets, signed by twenty-six citizens, was read and Aldermen Hicks and Springer said that the petition should be listened to, but no application having yet been made it was ordered on file.

Alderman Harriss, of the Sanitary Committee, offered an ordinance recommending two scavengers, to give a thousand dollars bond, each subject to rigid rules for their government. After much discussion and opposition by the colored aldermen it was carried.

Upon motion of Alderman Nixon the City Treasurer was allowed to give checks not exceeding $5.00, instead of $2.00.

The Mayor stated that the occupants of the Catherine Kennedy Home asked that a gas light be placed at the corner of Ninth and Princess streets.

Upon motion of Alderman Springer it was granted; also, one in front of the Catholic Church, and one at the head of the alley on Harnett street, between Eighth and Ninth.

The very poor way the city ordinance had been codified was discussed and a recodification recommended, and the way the last one was put up censured. It was said that as they now stood there was no ordinances and one of the attornies who helped to codify them had appeared twice against them in court, and several ordinances had been left out.

Alderman Hicks said that he had learned there was several thousand dollars of bonds and coupons which, owing to some defect in lithographing, had been signed and were left in the city vault which could very easily, if stolen, be cashed and cause the city to lose a considerable amount of money, and which should be destroyed. They were on the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. Co., and should have been destroyed in 1888, but had been negligently left in the vault.

On motion Clerk Rice was ordered to burn them in the presence of the Finance Committee to-day.

Upon motion of Alderman Hicks, the Clerk of the Board of Audit and Finance was requested to take a record of all bonds and stocks held by the City Treasurer.

The Chief of Police, by request of Alderman Hicks, appeared before the Board and stated the trouble which was had by the police watching disreputable negro women, who roamed around until late hours of the night. After discussion the Ordinance Committee was requested to either frame an ordinance to keep them off the streets at night or allow them to roam only until 10 o'clock.

Two water hydrants—one at Chadbourn's mill gate and the other at the C. C. R. R. depot, which cannot be used owing to location, were referred to the Chief of the Fire Department and the Fire Committee for removal.

Alderman Walker asked that officers be sworn in without pay to keep boys quiet around colored churches. Carried.

After other matters were discussed of no great importance the Board adjourned, to hold meetings between now and November at four oclock in the afternoon of the first Monday in each month.

Returned to Wilmington.

Mr. I. Shrier, who left here a short time ago for Atlanta, Ga., and embarked in business there, returned yesterday to his old home, where he will fall back into his old business. He likes Wilmington better than she does Atlanta and says he will remain here the balance of his life. His numerous friends welcome him back. Mr. Ed. L. Davis, who left with, him returned also.

Magistrate's Court.

Joh Nixon, Joe Howe and York Everett, negroes, charged with a burglarious attempt last Saturday night at the house of Emma Thompson, on Market between Tenth and Eleventh streets, were arrested yesterday on a warrant issued by Justice R. H. Bunting, who will investigate the case to-day at noon.

Jas. Spicer, charged with assault and battery upon Thomas McKinney (both colored) will appear before Squire Bunting to-day at 10 a. m., for an investigation of the case.

MR. JNO. W. DYER.

Formerly a Citizen of High Point—Singular Fatalities Attending His Wife's Family.

A correspondent of the STAR, writing from High Point, says, in reference to the suicide of Mr. John W. Dyer, at Richmond, an account of which appeared in the STAR of Saturday:

Mr. John Dyer came from Washington City several years ago, and located in High Point, N. C., where he married Miss Emily Jarrell, daughter of M. Jarrell, Esq., for a number of years the popular proprietor of the Jarrell Hotel.

A peculiar fatality has attended the Jarrell family—four children were killed and the fifth very narrowly escaped death. One child, when a baby, was dropped from its nurse's arms and received injuries from which it died. Another fell down a flight of stairs; another fell from the balcony of the second story of the house; both were killed. The only son, a young man just 20 years of age, was drowned in a mill pond by falling backwards out of a canoe in which he and a young lady were riding, and Mrs. Dyer, before her marriage, fell from the upper piazza of the hotel to the ground, a distance of about 25 feet; but was not seriously injured.

The funeral of Mr. Dyer to-day was very largely attended by the Knights of Pythias in a body and by the citizens of the community; and the family of the deceased have the profound sympathy of the people of the town.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

The cotton region bulletin issued by the Weather Bureau reports heavy rains in all the cotton region for the 24 hours ended at 6 p. m. yesterday. The heaviest was in the Texas district, an average of 0.83 of an inch for the 29 stations; in the Little Rock district the average was 0.55; Charleston district, 0.64; Augusta, 0.30; Wilmington, 0 98; New Orleans, 0.28.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., May 7.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 74°; 8 p. m., 68°; maximum, 78°; minimum, 65°; mean, 72°.

Rainfall for the day, .0; rainfall for the month up to date .01 inches.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina, threatening weather, probably with showers; easterly winds.

— The batteries for the fire-alarm have arrived, and will be placed in position to-morrow in the brick building in the City Hall yard.

COOK VS. MEARES.

CASE WILL COME UP IN THE SUPREME COURT TO-DAY.

Decision in the Ewart-Jones Case Will be Announced—The Assignment Act Question May be Heard Wednesday—Raleigh Municipal Election—Criminal Libel Suit Against the News and Observer.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., May 6.

The case of Mary Cram vs. Wm. Cram was compromised this morning. Saturday the compromise was nearly consummated, but when the articles were put forth for signatures, one of the parties refused. Judge Starbuck remained in the city to-day at the request of all parties, expecting to try the case. The basis of the compromise is that Wm. Cram shall pay the plaintiff, Mary $1,500.

To-morrow the case of Cook vs. Meares in the contest for the Eastern Criminal Court Judgeship will come up before the Supreme Court.

The decision in the Ewart-Jones case is expected to be handed down to-morrow. The Supreme Court will in all probability complete the end of the docket this week. The case of Carr vs. Secretary of the State and Wyatt case involving the validity of the act regulating assignments, will likely be heard by the Supreme Court at this session. It is said that an effort will be made to get the cases before the Justices Wednesday. No application has been made to the Supreme Court for the trial of the Ellington Stanford case at this term. Mr. Purnell, counsel for Stanford, says he is not particularly anxious for trial this term, as Ellington has deposited $500 bond as security for emoluments of the office.

Voting began this morning at seven o'clock. At 12 o'clock there had been a larger vote cast than is usual. The day begun beautifully, though from 10 a. m. to 12 m. there was a constant down pour of rain. The clouds lifted by 12.30 and the morning rain is not expected to interfere with the voting. In the fourth ward where the Republicans have two tickets in the field, the opposition ticket to the regular Republican primary ticket, leads. Russ is confident of winning.

The Sheriff auctioned off the property of delinquent tax payers this morning at public outcry. All the property was bid in by the county.

John B. Hussey, private secretary to Marion Butler, and who was for a time, Washington correspondent of the *Caucasian*, has brought criminal libel suit against the *News and Observer*. The papers were filed with the Clerk of the Court this morning. Ex-Judge Spier Whitaker is counsel for Hussey. The *News and Observer* had a very severe and scathing editorial in regard to Hussey when he was appointed secretary by Marion Butler.

The Governor has made requisition on the Governor of Virginia for Matthew Bell, an escaped convict now in jail in Norfolk, Va. Bell escaped from the penitentiary in 1889.

The Inter-State Telegraph and Telephone Company intend to locate a plant here. Mr. D. S. Hutchins, who was lately with the Seaboard, will be manager of the concern. The same company has a well established plant in Durham. Julian S. Carr is interested in the company.

Yesterday the annual May baptizing of colored Baptists took place at Brookside Park near the city limits. 140 candidates were immersed. At least 6,000 persons witnessed the baptism. The street cars reaped a harvest, running two cars each trip.

Marshall Carroll says more cases were disposed of in a shorter time last week at the Federal Court in Wilmington than he ever knew the case to be before.

Deputy Collector Davis reports the destruction of two large distilleries in Chatham county.

OBITUARY.

It is with inexpressible sorrow that we learn of the sudden death of Miss Annie Doscher, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Doscher. The sad event occurred at the home of her parents on Sunday evening at 8.30 o'clock. She was only 19 years and 9 months old, and although an intense sufferer for the past few days, yet her many friends did not realize that her untimely end would come so suddenly. She was resting much easier Sunday afternoon and her many friends began to entertain hope of her recovery, but all their earnest desires were dashed to the winds, and the death angel without the least warning gently and tenderly bore her away to heaven and thus ended her happy life of usefulness. She was an earnest and consistent member of St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Church. Laboring in the different branches of the church work she was ever zealous, whether in Mengert Mission Circle, as a faithful worker, as treasurer of the Young People's Association, organist of the Sunday school, or singing her sweet alto in the church choir, she was ever faithful to the end.

Miss Annie had many attractions. She had a strong intellect; was ambitious to develop her many faculties with which God had endowed her. She believed that one of the greatest duties of her life was to make the most of her capabilities, and she earnestly endeavored to carry out her belief. She had a tender heart and true, and was blessed with the deep sense of her religious duty, and never failed to give a word of cheer to the despondent and to advise the wayward.

It is hard to give up those we love even though they have spent a long life of usefulness, living the allotted time of man; but how much more bereaving it is to Miss Annie's friends, to give her up just as she has started out with the promise of a long, happy and useful life.

To her bereaved parents, sorrowing brother, and to the many friends who loved her for her beauty of mind and heart, we join in sincere sorrow that one so young and so fair should be called away from earth.

While the loved ones left behind may weep that they will no longer gaze upon her smiling face and hear the tones of her sweet voice, they may rest in the sweet assurance that she has gone to dwell forever with her God.

Weep not that her toils are over;
Weep not that her race is run—
God grant we may rest as calmly
When our work, like her's is done.

'Till then we yield with gladness,
Our friend to Him to keep
And rejoice in the sweet assurance
He has given her sweet sleep.

BY A FRIEND.

DIED.

DOSCHER—Miss ANNIE DOSCHER, Sunday, May 6th, at 8.30 p. m., aged 19 years and 9 months. Funeral will take place this morning at 10 o'clock from residence, corner Third and Harnett streets, thence to St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Church, thence to Oakdale Cemetery. Friends and acquaintance respectfully invited to attend.

VON DER LEITH.—Yesterday, at 8 a. m., Mrs. CATHARINA VON DER LEITH, aged 77 years, 11 months and 22 days.

Funeral will take place from St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Church at 4.30 p. m. to-day.

Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

DAUGHTERS OF THE CONFEDERACY.

The Cape Fear Association Organized—Officers Chosen.

A very fair attendance of the members of the Daughters of the Confederacy met on the 26th of April at the armory for the purpose of organizing under the newly amended constitution. After reading the constitution it was adopted as a whole, subject to revision by a committee appointed for that purpose. Being regularly organized under the name of "The Cape Fear Daughters of the Confederacy," the Association proceeded with the election of officers with the following result:

President—Mrs. E. H. Parsley.
Vice-President—Mrs. Gabriel Holmes.
Secretary—Miss Bessie Taylor.
Treasurer—Miss Kate T. Cantwell.

These ladies will hold office until their successors are elected.

The nineteenth of January was adopted as anniversary day, when the annual election will be held; this being a date which recalls the name of that great leader whose memory is dear to the heart of every true daughter of the Confederacy.

The Association will hold its meetings monthly, the next to be held on the twenty-seventh of May, 1895.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Robert R. Bellamy & Co.

Wholesale and Retail

Druggists

N. E. Cor. Front & Market sts.,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Drugs, Chemicals

AND

Pharmaceutical Preparations.

Proprietary Medicines,

Druggist's Sundries, etc., etc.

☞ City and Country patronage solicited.

may 7 3m

Soap Luxury

WITCH HAZEL SOAP is nothing but pure vegetable Soap and Witch Hazel.

The soothing qualities of Witch Hazel make the roughest skin smooth and velvety, and impart an unctuousness that preserves the hands as well as the face from chapping.

This soap is liked by women as well as by men, especially mothers of families for their children. It makes your skin like a baby's.

It is free from alkali, and yields a soft and abundant lather, whether the water be hard or soft, hot or cold. It clears the pores, stimulates their action, and thus softens, smoothes and whitens the skin and improves the health. Soap Luxury.

We do not try to get a quarter for it—the usual price—but sell it for less than half that it is worth, 10c.

my 7 tf JAMES D. NUTT, The Druggist.

University of Virginia.

Summer Law Lectures (twelve weekly), 26th year of continuance. Begin 27th June, 1895, end 28th August. Are of signal use—1st, to students who design to study at this or other Law School; 2nd, to those who propose to read privately; and, 3rd, to practitioners who have not had the advantage of systematic instruction. For circular apply (P. O. University of Va., Charlottesville, Va.) to JNO. B. MINOR, Prof. Com. and Stat. Law. my 7 2w tu th sa ju l

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Men and women to make big money with the Practical Plating Dynamo. It is the electrical Machine used in the great Plating factories. $65.00 to $85.00 a week made easy. Plates everything. No experience: big profits. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio. may 7 6t

Ducks, geese, chickens, eggs—fresh lot just received. I have a small lot of country butter that I will sell at 15c. a pound Also groceries of all kinds, at the lowest prices. I am agent for Cutter Tobacco, the best on the market. Neill McKinnon, No. 3 South Water street. c31

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store, 211 Market street. c31

New Photographs—Your special attention is called to my new display of Photographs. Look at them. It will do you good. Have some made like them; they will be a source of joy to you forevermore. Fine photographs at $1 per dozen. U. C. ELLIS, 114 Market street. c21

A chance to make money.—I made $534.00 the last six weeks selling Dish Washers, and was sick part of the time. I don't see why others do not go into the Dish Washer Business. No canvassing. Sold all my Washers at home. Perfect satisfaction. Every one sold sells another. Every family wants one. I will make $3,000 this year easy. I can wash and dry our dishes in two minutes. Any one can make $5 to $15 a day

FUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news paper a North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 7, 1895

SILVER COINAGE A NECESSITY.

Ninety nine out of a hundred of the opponents of the free coinage of silver declare that they are not opposed to silver money but in favor of an "honest dollar" which is, if we understand what they mean, a silver dollar with silver enough in it to make it worth a gold dollar. Admitting that they are honest in this, to be logical and consistent they should demand that the $600,000,000 of coined silver in this country be melted down and re-coined into bigger dollars, half dollars, quarters and dimes. There is no more excuse for permitting a dishonest dollar to circulate with the stamp of the Government on it than there is for refusing to coin another dollar of the same kind because it would not be an "honest dollar." The honesty that shrinks from a new light-weight dollar but recognizes the old one is, when simmered down, no more honest than the dollar it denounces.

We venture to assert that outside of the men whose business it is to deal in money, and who do or can control large amounts of gold, there is not one of all the thousands who are fighting silver who would be willing to see these $600,000,000 thrown into the melting pot to be turned out into bigger and, according to their opinion, better and more honest dollars.

The money of this country consists of about $500,000,000 of gold, $600,000,000 of silver, and about $600,000,000 of the various kinds of paper, all of which is redeemable, if the anti silver men finally come out on top, in gold, if we have to go out and borrow it as we have been doing lately. Every one who discusses this subject, no matter what his opinions on silver may be, or whether he believes in free coinage or not, insists that the parity between our different kinds of money must be maintained, and that one United States dollar, whether it be made of metal or of paper, must be as good as another dollar, and to do that the Government keeps what is called a "gold reserve," to give assurance that this declaration will be complied with. It keeps the reserve as long as it can, and when it is drained by the fellows who are manipulating gold the Government issues its notes, borrows some more to be drained in the usual way. That's the way the parity is maintained.

As long as there is only one kind of coin which can be used by the Government for redemption purposes, and there is no way of getting this coin but by borrowing, the Government will always be in the position of a borrower, and will always be at the mercy of the man who has claims against it.

Paper money, or notes, are, of course, only the representatives of so many dollars in coin and should be redeemable in coin, but coin dollars whatever the color of the metal may be should be interchangeable and carry their own parity with them. If this were the case there would be no trouble in making one American dollar as good as another for there would be coin dollars enough to back and sustain every paper dollar in circulation, and there would be no need of borrowing gold for any purpose.

With our $600,000,000 of coined silver and our mines which furnish the bulk of the silver for the world, doesn't business sense suggest that it should be the policy of this country to sustain silver and do all it can to keep it in the front rank as a money metal? It is not only the wise course to pursue from a business standpoint, but it is necessary to preserve the silver coin we have, and the only way this can be done is by continuing to coin silver and to recognize it as it was recognized before, in an evil hour, we were dragged into the conspiracy against it. As we see it, continued coinage is not only advisable to preserve the value of our silver deposits buried in our hills, but to preserve the $600,000,000 that we have already coined.

The opponents of free coinage give as one of their reasons, the main and with many of them the only reason for the decline in the price of silver that the production has been so large that it naturally fell in price just as any other commodity would when there was more of it than there was a demand for. In other words a surplus means a decrease in price. This is true; but will any of them assert that dropping silver from our coin metals has not lessened the demand, thereby increasing the surplus and logically, according to their own contention, decreasing the price? If this and other Governments had not closed the mints against silver wouldn't more of it be used, the demand be greater and the surplus less! If the doors of the mints be kept barred against it will not the surplus continue to increase (unless the production cease) and the price fall until the dollar which is now actually worth a little over fifty cents in gold becomes worth only twenty-five cents, or less? Where is the falling scale going to stop, and when it does stop where will be the $600,000,000 of silver coin we now have, the parity of which with gold must be maintained? Will the day come when the Government will have to borrow four gold dollars to make good four 25 cent silver dollars?

That's what it will eventually come to if the Government continues to turn its back on silver and to ostracize it. It must either maintain the dignity of its silver dollars by continuing to coin them, or it must do the honest, candid thing and acknowledge that the $600,000,000 which it declares legal tender for their face value are not dollars at all and that it is perpetrating a fraud in calling them such and permitting them to remain in circulation.

Free coinage, therefore, is not only advisable from a purely business view, but it is a necessity to preserve our coin system, unless we resolve to ignore silver altogether and come out squarely for gold alone, something which, whatever other countries might do, this country cannot afford to do.

MINOR MENION.

The news that we get in reference to the outcome of the protest by Russia, Germany and France against the acquisition by Japan of territory on the mainland of China, as stipulated in the treaty between Japan and China, is somewhat mixed, the reports one day being that the powers interested had come to an amicable understanding and that Japan had receded from that provision of the treaty, and the next that Japan isn't yielding an inch, but while as polite as a dancing master, is as cool as an iceberg and as firm as the rockribbed mountains. Whatever the nature of the correspondence may be between these powers Japan has maintained her dignity, has shown not the slightest disposition to be dictated to nor intimidated even when confronted by three of the strongest powers in Europe, and still preserves her prestige for self-reliance and pluck. This firmness doesn't come from underestimating the strength of the powers with which she has to deal, for she knows that full well. She knows that if the affair went from the chambers of diplomacy to the arbitrament of arms that she would have a giant to wrestle with in Russia, even if France and Germany should keep hands off, and this makes her gallant bearing all the more admirable. But as we see it Japan can better afford a war with Russia than Russia can with Japan. The talk of blockading Japanese ports and thus bringing her to terms is nonsense. Russia might as well think of blockading British ports. With such a navy, and as ably commanded, as Japan has Russia would stand no more show of making such blockade effective than she would of capturing Gibraltar. There would be fighting on sea and fighting on land, but the land fighting would be on Chinese territory and it is China, not Japan which would suffer by that. While Russia would have long marches by land and long distances to transport soldiers and supplies by sea, (for in the event of war in all probability the Suez canal would be closed to her ships) Japan could mass large bodies of troops and have her war ships at any desirable point on short notice, so that in many respects Japan has the vantage ground, knows it and will take advantage of it, even if she has to go it alone, which is not at all probable.

* * *

There are two known coal fields in North Carolina, both of which have been partially explored, and worked to some extent, but neither very extensively. The area of each is small, but the capacity of each enormous. In the last number of the Baltimore *Manufacturers' Record* there is a very interesting and instructive article on the Chatham coal field, giving the substance of a report made by Mr. George H. Locy, a Western coal man, who, at the request of Mr. E. St. John, Vice President of the Seaboard Air Line, made a thorough examination of the coal properties. He spent two months thus industriously occupied. He went there with the expectation of finding but little coal, for he thought the geological formation was rather against the presence of much, if any, but he admits that he was agreeably disappointed and found a field in which there are magnificent possibilities. His attention was mainly given to what is known as the Egypt field, which is now being worked. The coal lies in a basin with an area of about 5,000 acres. There are two stratas at a depth of 420 feet, but the stratas are so close together as to be practically one. The upper one is an average of three feet eight inches in thickness. The lower one, which is separated from the upper one by a layer of stone about two feet in thickness, is about two feet and a half thick, both together aggregating an average thickness of over six feet. The coal is of a very superior quality, and good for all the purposes for which bituminous coal is used. He estimates that in this 5,000 acre area there is coal enough to last for a hundred years with an annual output of 350,000 tons. It has been estimated that there are 40,000,000 tons in the Dan river beds within a radius of two miles, part of which has been tested by shafts. Neither of these fields has been thoroughly explored and what we know about them is of a very limited portion of either. It wouldn't be a rash prophecy to predict that the future will reveal other coal deposits in this State quite as valuable as either of these.

It is said by prominent Republicans in Washington that the Republicans in their next convention will sidetrack the financial question and run the party on a jingo boom, and play it strong on "old glory" &c. They will try to placate the unsophisticated with a big chunk of bimetalism and play it heavy on the flag and the inevitable destiny. They assume that this country has more than its proportion of asses among the masses.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The leaders of the Republican party are said to be planning a straddle on the money question. If the divergence between gold and silver continues the straddle will wreck some one's garments.—*Boston Standard, Ind.*

—— Before the end of the present year the new settlers in Georgia from the West will be counted by the thousand. They will be the advance guard of a vast army that is coming from the region of blizzards and drouths to the land where neither of these afflictions are known.—*Atlanta Journal, Dem.*

—— A reopening of the Pamirs question by Russia before Great Britain has shown her hand in the Japanese quarrel, is a direct and distinct provocation to send a British fleet to aid the Japs in the coming war and British sovereigns to keep in their army chest.—*N. Y. Commercial Advertiser, Rep.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Henderson *Gold Leaf*: The friends of Mrs. Bessie Kittle Harris will be pained to learn of her death, which occurred at her home in Littleton Wednesday of last week. She was a native of Henderson.

— Raleigh *Press*: Little Julia Jackson Christian, the six-year-old daughter of Mr. W. E. Christian, will unveil the Confederate Monument on the 20th. Little Julia is the grand child of the illustrious soldier, Stonewall Jackson. It was a happy selection on the part of the ladies—it could not have been more fitting.

— Charlotte *News*: Mr. Jonas Rudisill, one of Charlotte's oldest and most highly esteemed citizens, was found dead in the rear yard of the residence of his son-in law, Mr. M. C. Mayer, on South Tryon street, last night about 7.30 o'clock. His death was due to a stroke of apoplexy.

— Salisbury *Herald*: A suspicious looking character who has been loafing around town for several days, was arrested by Chief of Police Shaver this morning. His appearance, when compared with a description of the man, indicates that he is the party who is wanted in South Carolina, for murdering an officer, a year or more ago.

— Newbern *Journal*: Mrs. Susan Prevatt, aged 77 years, died Friday morning last, at the residence of her daughter Mrs. Addie Gaskill, on Berne street, after an illness of five years. —— Mrs. Della Spikes, wife of Mr. William Spikes, of Olympia, was found dead in bed Thursday morning. Her husband started to waken her about daybreak and receiving no reply made investigation and found her unconscious but warm; further investigation showed that she was dead. She had evidently not been dead long. The cause was probably due to heart disease.

TWINKLINGS.

—When lightning strikes it admits of no arbitration.—Texas *Siftings*.

— To Satisfy His Curiosity.—What are you doing on the bureau, Tommie?

"Standin' before the looking glass," said Tommie. "Wanted to see how I'd look if I was twins."—*Harper's Young People*.

—"I never have to be called mornings now," said Bolton Locke. "We have a cook lady who lights the fires with kerosene oil. She'll blow herself up some day, and I wouldn't miss it for the world."—*N. Y. Journal*.

— Succinct—Now, said Li Hung Chang, let us definitely understand the terms of the treaty.

Certainly, replied the Mikado; that's very simple. The terms of treaty are cash.—*Washington Star*.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine, you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

DEAR DISCIPLINE.

Imprisoned in an absence drear
By Jailer Time
For unknown crime,
Resigned, I sigh in narrow sphere.

But laughing Love, who locks disdains,
To me brings in
For discipline
A presence which my soul enchains.

Now sweet is my captivity
When solitude
Does thus include
The one who is most dear to me.

So Pyramus, as I have heard,
His Thisbe dear,
So far, though near,
Could woo, though neither spoke a word.
—Kate Field's Washington.

SAD LIFE OF A BEAUTY.

The Countess of Dudley a Devoted Wife to a Repulsive Husband.

Georgina, countess of Dudley, enjoys the well deserved reputation of being not only one of the most beautiful matrons in London society, but also one of the kindest and most warm hearted of the great ladies of Mayfair. She is a devoted mother and deserves a great amount of credit for the manner in which she has brought up her children and for the devoted care and loyalty which she manifested to her eccentric husband. Until his death her existence was little better than a martyrdom, which she bore with the most exemplary patience and fortitude. The late earl was many years her senior and the reverse of handsome, in addition to which he in many matters was entirely insane, having inherited his madness from his father. All this would have caused many a mother to hesitate before even permitting her daughter to wed such a man, but Lady Dudley's mother, Lady Louisa Monckrieffe, dazzled by the earl's income of over $3,000,000 a year, forced her lovely daughter to bind herself to him.

The contrast between the beautiful woman and the almost repulsive looking husband who was her constant companion was so startling that it drew forth the hackneyed exclamation of "beauty and the beast" wherever they went. Had Lord Dudley been less wealthy he would inevitably have been confined in a madhouse, but even during the closing years of his life Lady Dudley never permitted him to be considered as insane, although he seldom experienced lucid moments. Lady Dudley was the second wife of the late earl and has seven children, six sons and one daughter.—Philadelphia Press.

A Tough Manxman.

I'm a Manxman, and I have inherited a rugged constitution. I seldom wear gloves even in your winters, and much of the time I go without an overcoat. For many years I followed the sea, and I had one adventure that few would have lived to tell of. It was a midnight of December when I was ordered aloft to stow the main royal, and before I knew what I was about I fell from the yardarm into the sea. No one on deck had noticed my fall, and apparently no one had heard my cry, for the ship kept right on. There I was, with heavy boots and a heavy coat, alone amid the waves of the Atlantic. You may not believe me, but I did not feel greatly alarmed. I managed to get out of my boots and coat, and then I began to swim to keep myself afloat. Somehow I felt that I should be saved. We had passed a vessel about sunset, and I thought she'd come along and pick me up. I had been a good swimmer all my life, and I kept afloat till daybreak, when that other vessel did come along and fish me out, four hours after I fell in. We got into New York three days after my ship arrived, and when I came aboard, as she lay at her wharf, my mates took me for a ghost.—New York Sun.

Truthful.

"General Grant was," says General Horace Porter in McClure's Magazine, "without exception the most absolutely truthful man I ever encountered in public or private life. He was not only truthful himself, but he had a horror of untruth in others." An anecdote illustrates this trait.

One day while sitting in his bedroom in the White House, where he had retired to write a message to congress, a card was brought in by a servant.

An officer on duty at the time, seeing that the president did not want to be disturbed, remarked to the servant, "Say the president is not in."

General Grant overheard the remark, turned around suddenly in his chair and cried out to the servant:

"Tell him no such thing! I don't lie myself, and I don't want any one to lie for me!"

A Scrap of Paper.

Not long ago, says a writer in The Realm, I was walking in the garden at Hawarden with Mr. Gladstone. "What would you do with that?" he said suddenly, pointing to a bit of newspaper lying on the lawn. "I think I'd pick it up and take it away," I answered, astonished. "Ah! Well, this is what I do with it," said Mr. Gladstone. Thereupon he placed the point of his walking stick on the middle of the scrap of paper, twisted the stick round and round, and with much dexterity left the bit of paper in the soil and out of sight. "The Duke of Buccleugh taught me to do that," he said as we resumed our walk. "It is good for the ground."

Sheridan and Waterloo.

An American gentleman recently went over the field of Waterloo with a guide who boasted that he escorted General Sheridan over the scene of Napoleon's great defeat. "What did General Sheridan say?" asked my friend. "Oh, nothing." "He must have said something." "Well, he only said, 'It was a —— good place for a fight.'"

In Zante, one of the Ionian isles, there is a petroleum spring that is mentioned by Herodotus. It has been known for nearly 3,000 years.

Fort Wayne was named after General Anthony Wayne.

THE SYBARITE.

A bed of roses where the sunlight falls;
A glimpse of purple grapes on southward walls,
And far, white Thurii through the leaves of trees,
A sense of rest where yet no duty calls.

A single wave that laps the idle beach;
A shining lizard darting out of reach;
A breath of wind through odorous banks of flowers;
A thought of peace, and yet too slow for speech.

A dial where the pointed shadow creeps
From hour to hour of ease; a day that keeps
Its beauty through the night; a night that comes
With dew and stars—a hush—a world that sleeps.
—Detroit Free Press.

Corneille was a very stupid talker. Descartes rarely spoke when in company. Addison could not converse at all; neither could La Fontaine, while Dryden's conversation was slow and dull.

The only half cent probably which was ever coined was a piece now in possession of Jesse Rogers of Newbury, Mass. It is an old Massachusetts coin presumably cast as an experiment.

Tricycles may be had for hire, like cabs, in Milan. An attendant goes with the machine to propel it. The fare depends on the distance traveled—not the time consumed.

New Zealand has set apart two islands on which hunting and trapping are forbidden.

ON THE BATTLEFIELD.

The sun rose over the field of wheat
And fanned the breath of an early spring,
The smiling flowers made the morning sweet
And there were carolling birds to sing,
And by the brook were children at play,
Planning their childish games for the day:

But the sun sank over a field of red,
Leaving no wheat nor a farmhouse there,
Only the ghastly lines of the dead
And blackness and ruin everywhere,
And along the brook, instead of play,
Were the silent forms of blue and gray.
—F. H. Sweet.

Wine In Bottles.

The increase of the strength of wine by keeping depends upon whether it is kept in cask or bottle. If stored in cask, there is a constant increase of alcohol. The ancients knew that wine improved if kept in leathern bottles, and the same result is obtained by keeping it in wooden vessels, for both leather and wood are more easily penetrated by water than by alcohol. Evaporation ensues from both, but more freely from water, and the wine consequently becomes richer in alcohol. On the other hand, the opinion that wine has grown old in bottles and therefore become stronger is thoroughly false. Evaporation is very much hindered by the cork, even when this is not covered with rosin and sealing wax. The simple explanation of our finding old bottled wine rich in alcohol is that only the stronger wines can be preserved and the weaker ones cannot resist the effects of time. At the same time, although all wine must eventually be spoiled and weakened by keeping it in bottles, yet some kinds acquire, as a first consequence of that cause which afterward destroys them, and which is neither more nor less than the chemical alteration in their constituents, properties which render them more agreeable both to smell and taste.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Uniforms to Scare the Enemy.

According to the report prepared by the war department, red uniforms were first adapted by the Emperor Valerius Maximus in order that the Roman soldiers might not be frightened by the sight of their own blood. To this day the children of England are told that this is the reason why French troops wear red trousers, and French children are taught the same notion respecting the red coats of the British. The legionaries of ancient Rome wore the skins of bears on the field of battle to make them look fierce. For the same reason they put figures of frightful beasts on their shields and helmets. From this old custom springs modern crests and armorial bearings. The idea of scaring the enemy by such devices has been perpetuated up to quite recent times. Tall bearskin hats were originally adopted to make them look taller by the French cuirassiers, each of whom carried a handful of grenades for scattering among the ranks of their foe.—Troy Times.

"THE GAME WORE ON."

The Evening Work Ended to the Entire Satisfaction of the Banker.

The game wore on.

The banker, who sat at the head of the table, was kept busy selling stacks of chips. The betting was heavy, and there were but two men who seemed to be winning anything.

The blue chips all came their way. It was simply a case of bullheaded luck. If a man held four kings, one of this pair would bob up with four aces or a straight flush or something of the kind and spoil all calculations. It was exasperating, but it couldn't be helped.

Meantime the two lucky players conversed cheerfully about their luck and what they intended to do with the money. "I shall," said one, "go down to a fur store and buy my wife that cape she has been wanting so long. I know it is rather late in the season, but this is an experience of a lifetime, and I don't think that it will spoil by the keeping."

"I shall," said the other, "take part of mine and get a new spring suit. With the rest of it I intend to take a trip to New York. I haven't been down there in a year, and I'm just about due for some fun."

The game continued to wear on, and the other players cursed their luck beneath their various breaths.

It came to be midnight, and 1 o'clock and 2 o'clock, and the game was still in progress. The two men were still winning. Nothing could stop them. At 3 o'clock everybody was tired, and it was decided to quit. The table in front of the two lucky men was covered with chips.

The banker pushed back his chair and said, "I am ready to settle, gentlemen."

It didn't take long to settle with the men who had not been lucky. Then it came to be the turn of the lucky ones. "How much have you got, Jim?" asked the banker.

"Three hundred and forty," replied Jim.

"And you, Bill?"

"An even 400."

The banker took a slip of paper and did some figuring. Then he dove down into one of his pockets and produced some thin white slips of paper. "Here's yours, Jim," he said, pushing two slips across the table, "and here's yours, Bill."

"What are these?" asked the two lucky men in concert.

"I. O. U.'s," the banker answered sententiously.

The two lucky men gasped. They looked at the papers and saw that the signatures were genuine. Then they tore them up and stalked out together.

"By George," said the banker, "I thought they would never get enough won to pay off those I. O. U.'s."

"What do you mean?" asked the stranger in the game.

"I mean," said the banker as he smoothed out a big wad of bills, "that it's dinged tiresome work dealing big hands to two jays like them just because they stuck you once with their paper."

And the stranger in the game saw a great light.—Buffalo Express.

It is put forward as one proof of the change of climate in England within the past centuries that fig trees bore fruit. In the Deanery garden, at Winchester, is a fine old fig tree from which James I picked fruit in 1628. At West Tarring, in Sussex, a large fig tree still stands, said to have been planted by Thomas a Becket.

Itching, burning, scaly and crusty scalps of infants cleansed and healed, and quiet sleep restored by Johnson's Oriental Soap. J. H. HARDIN, J. H. BUNTING.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R BELLAMY.

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y. says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results to follow its use; that he would not be without it procurable. G. A. Dykeman, Druggist, Catskill, says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best Cough remedy; that he has used it in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

Delicious

Food, crisp pastry, delicate cake, good digestion, all come with the use of **Cottolene**, and it saves money as well. Its wonderful success has brought numerous imitations.

Genuine has trade mark—steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every pail. Take no other.

Made only by
The N. K. Fairbank Company,
ST. LOUIS and CHICAGO.

nov 6 tf tu th sa change

A Valuable Coin.

A well known bishop tells a story of a clerk at a village church who deliberately took half a crown out of the plate as he brought it up to the communion table and slipped it into his pocket.

"I saw him take it," said the bishop, "and intended to charge him with it at the end of the service, but carried away by the sublimity of the service I forgot all about it. Next day I remembered and spoke about it.

"'Oh, sir,' said the old clerk, 'never you worry about that. That half crown has done good service for many years. I keep it to put down first, and then the gentry, seeing a poor man like me put 2s. 6d. in the plate, can't for shame give less.'"—London Tit-Bits.

The Prize Mean Man.

The meanest man on record is said to live in Center county, Pa. He sold his son-in-law one-half interest in a cow and then refused to divide the milk, maintaining that he sold only the front half. The buyer was also required to provide the feed the cow consumed and was compelled to carry water to her three times a day. Recently the cow hooked the old man, and he is suing the son-in-law for damages.—Oil City Blizzard.

The bridal veil is a survival of the cloth borne by four maidens over the bride at a Saxon marriage to conceal the blushes of the poor girl at the coarse jests that were always bandied about on such occasions.

Between 1846 and 1876 scores of patents for producing electric light were taken out in almost every country in Europe.

Mauch Chunk, Pa., is an Indian name meaning bear mountain.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute			6
Standard			7@ 7½
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ₩ lb	13@		14
Sides ₩ lb	9@		10
Shoulders ₩ lb	7½ @		8½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ₩ lb	7 @		7½
Shoulders ₩ lb	6½@		
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00 @		1 15
New New York, each	1 35 @		1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb		@	30
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50 @		7 00
Northern	9 00 @		11 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15		
Northern	23 @		
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	— @		57½
Virginia Meal	55 @		57½
COTTON TIES— ₩ bundle		@	70
CANDLES— ₩ lb—			
Sperm	18 @		25
Adamantine	9 @		10
CHEESE— ₩ lb—			
Northern Factory	10 @		11
Dairy, Cream	11 @		12
State	— @		10
COFFEE— ₩ lb—			
Laguyra	27 @		28
Rio	20 @		23
	15 @		19
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	6		6½
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18 @		20
EGGS— ₩ dozen	0 @		
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00 @		30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00 @		15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ barrel	16 00 @		18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ half-barrel	8 00 @		9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00 @		14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25 @		3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel		@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ₩ keg	3 50 @		4 00
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5 @		10
FLOUR— ₩ barrel—			
Western, low grade	2 50 @		3 50
" Extra	2 75 @		4 25
" Straight	3 25 @		
Second Patent	3 50 @		
First Patent	4 25 @		4 50
City Mills—Super		@	3 50
" Family	3 25 @		
GLUE— ₩ lb—	7@	@	10
GRAIN— ₩ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White	57@		
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White		@	57½
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		@	57½
Oats, from store		@	44
Oats, Rust Proof		@	50
Cow Peas	85 @		1 00
HIDES, ₩ lb—			
Green	—@		4
Dry	—@		3½
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—			
Eastern	—@		1 00
Western		@	90
North River		@	90
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2 @		3½
LARD, ₩ lb—			
Northern	8½@		9@
North Carolina	8½@		9
LIME, ₩ barrel	——		1 25
LUMBER Reiry sawed) ₩ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @		20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00 @		16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @		18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @		22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00 @		15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	—@		26
" in bbls	—@		26
Porto Rico, in hhds	25 @		27½
" in bbls	—@		27
Sugar-House, in hhds	—@		14
" in bbls	—@		16
Syrup, in bbls	25 @		45
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 00 @		1 10
PORK, ₩ bar.			
City Mess		@14	50
Rump		@14	00
Prime		@14	00
ROPE, ₩ lb	10	@	22
SALT, ₩ sack		@	75
Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	
American		@	85
" 28-lb Sacks	45	@	50
SHINGLES, 7-inch, & M	5 00 @		7 00
Common	2 00 @		2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50 @		5 00
Cypress Heart		@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Granu'd		@	4½
Standard A		@	4¼
White Ex. C		@	4¼
ExtraC, Golden		@	4
C, Yellow		@	3½
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	3½@		7
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	5 00 @		14
R. O. Hogshead		@10	00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	10 @		9 00
Mill, Prime	00 @		7 00
Mill, Fair	5 50 @		4 50
Common Mill	4 00 @		3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00 @		3 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	5		
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00 @		2
North Carolina	90 @		9
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14	@	
Clear of burr	10	@	
RICE— Carolina ₩	4	@	5
" Upland	3	@	70
" Whandy	1 00	@	1 15
RAGS ₩		@	1½
OIL—			
POTATOES, ₩ bu—			
Sweet	30	@	50
Irish, ₩ barrel	2 75	@	3 00

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, May 6.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Firm at 26½ cents per gallon.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 15 per bbl. for Strained, and $1 20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1 10 cents per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at $1 20 for Hard, $1 80 for Yellow Dip and $2 25 for Virgin.

COTTON.—Steady.

Ordinary	3⅝ cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	5⅛ " "
Low Middling	6 3-16 " "
Middling	6¼ " "
Good Middling	6 9-16 " "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	16 bales
Spirits Turpentine	74 casks
Rosin	367 bbls
Tar	37 bbls
Crude Turpentine	32 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, May 6—Evening—Money on call was easy at 1½@2 per cent., last loan at 1½ per cent., and closing offered at 1½@2 cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange easier; actual business in bankers' bills at 487½@487¾ for sixty days and 488½@488¾ for demand. Commercial bills 486½@487. Government bonds higher; United States coupon fours 112¼; United States twos 97. State bonds strong; North Carolina fours 102; North Carolina sixes 124. Railroad bonds active.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was dull.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, May 6—Evening. Cotton quiet; middling gulf 7 1-16c, middling uplands 6 13-16c.

Futures closed steady, with sales of 124 600 bales as follows: May 6.68c; June 6.55c; July 6.60c; August 6.65c; September 6.68c, October 6.72c, November 6.76c, December 6.83c; January 6.87c; February 6.92c; March 6.97c.

Net receipts 531 bales; gross receipts 4,464 bales; exports to Great Britain 5,316 bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent 4,805 bales; forwarded 150 bales; sales 8,061 bales, sales; to spinners 61 bales; stock (actual) 294,469 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 8,863 bales; exports to Great Britain 5,594 bales; exports to France —— bales; exports to the Continent 6,405 bales; stock 636,996 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 15 414 bales; exports to Great Britain 11,741 bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent 6,405 bales; to the Channel — bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 7,707,721 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,153,319 bales; exports to France 749,464 bales; exports to the Continent 2,244,440 bales.

Flour moderately active and less firm; winter wheat, low grades $2 30@$2 75; fair to fancy grades $2 85@3 50; patents $3 40@3 75; Minnesota clear $3 75@3 15; do. patents $3 50@4 40; low extras $2 30@2 75; city mills ——; Southern flour quoted quiet and steady; ommon to fair extra $2 25@3 10; good to choice do. $3 30@3 70. Wheat dull, lower and weak; No. 2 red in store and a televator 66c; afloat 67½c; options were moderately active, weak and 2@2½ lower on weaker cables, lower Western markets and unloading by longs; No. 2 red May 66c; June 66¾c; July 66¾c. Corn quiet lower with options; No. 2 at elevator 57½; afloat 58½; ungraded mixed 54½@55¾c; options dull and weak at ⅝@¾c decline; May 54½; July 54¾c; September 54¾c. Oats dull and easier; options quiet and weaker; May 33½c; June 32¾c; July 32¾c; spot—No. 2, 32½@32¾; mixed Western 33½@34c. Hay firm; receipts light; shipping 55@60c; good to choice 75@80. Wool firm and moderately active; domestic fleece 15@19c; pulled 12@33; Beef firm; family $11 00@13 00; extra mess $8 50@9 00; beef hams quiet and steady at $19 50; tierced beef dull and firm; citvextra India mess $18 00@20 00. Cut meats—market quiet and depressed; pickled bellies 6½; pickled shoulders 5

Children Cry

FOR PITCHER'S

Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. **Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
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"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children."
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THE CENTAUR CO., 77 MURRAY ST., N. Y.

What is Castoria

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.
Chas. H. Fletcher.

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A LADY'S TOILET
Is not complete without an ideal
COMPLEXION
POWDER.
POZZONI'S
Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.
Insist upon having the genuine.
IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.
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WE OFFER TO THOSE WANTING
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Policies in this Old and Reliable Home Institution. All losses promptly paid
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FOR
MAN AND
BEAST!
Mexican Mustang Liniment
CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Muscles,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Eruptions,
Burns,	Stitches,	Hoof Ail,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Screw
Stings,	Backache,	Worms,
Bites,	Galls,	Swinney,
Bruises,	Sores,	Saddle Galls,
Bunions,	Spavin	Files.
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY
accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine.
The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.
The Housewife needs it for general family use.
The Cannier needs it for his teams and his men.
The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.
The Miner needs it in case of emergency.
The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.
The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.
The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.
The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.
The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.
The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.
The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.
The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.
Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.
Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.
Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

TOO LATE.

Joy stood upon my threshold mild and fair,
With lilies in her hair.
I bade her enter as she turned to go,
And she said "No."

Fortune once halted at my ruined porch
And lit it with her torch.
I asked her fondly, "Have you come to stay?"
She answered "Nay."

Fame, robed in spotless white, before me came.
I longed her kiss to claim.
I told her how her presence I revered.
She disappeared!

Love came at last. How pure, how sweet!
With roses at her feet.
I begged her all her bounty to bestow.
She answered "No."

Since then joy, fortune, love and fame
Have come my soul to claim.
I see them smiling everywhere,
But do not care.
—Francis Saltus' "Dreams After Sunset."

THAT BROTHER.

My name's George. George Timbs, that is.

I have a brother, Reginald. I dare say you've heard of him. He's a terrible trial to me. He's got himself talked about a good deal lately by appearing in print in a well known weekly—that is, he confides his misfortunes to an indulgent editor by way of a warning to the public. I don't believe that's the real reason. I think it's nothing but conceit and a desire to see his name in print. At any rate, I've put a stop to it. No more of his plaintive tales bringing me in as the callous and hard hearted brother. I've had to put my foot down. He wanted to spin a long yarn about his most recent experience. I said, "No." He took a solemn oath in my presence after that disgraceful affair that he would never put pen to paper in that way again, and I mean to see that he keeps his word.

Besides, to my mind, he's more or less off his head now and not in a fit state to appeal to his friend the editor's all embracing public. I don't pretend to be able to string sentences together perhaps quite as well as he does, but I can always speak to the point. It is more to pacify him than anything else that induces me to make this thing public property, for I don't want to see him relapse into that state of imbecility from which he has only lately emerged.

You may remember the idiotic way in which he allowed himself to be swindled out of most of our belongings by a common thief got up as a detective from Scotland Yard. He was very bad after that, and no wonder. All my cricket and football cups gone for ever all through his stupidity! It makes me wild when I think of it. But it had at least one result—it made him exceedingly cautious and suspicious. Suspicions wasn't the word for it. He gave Mrs. Plaggs instructions not to allow a soul inside the house on any pretext whatever unless he or I were at home. Then he began to suspect the friends who occasionally dropped in to see us of an evening. He imagined they were detectives or thieves "made up" to represent Jickseys or Snibs, as the case might be, and he put all sorts of artful questions to these young men, thinking to catch them napping. "Sherlock Holmes" was hardly ever out of his hand.

He had got it into his head that all the noted "cracksmen" in London were on his track and waiting for a chance to victimize him. He would dodge about, as he thought, suspicious looking characters in the streets, and imagining that he was followed would take the most circuitous route home, and altogether conducted himself in a ridiculous manner. But when it came to his carrying about a loaded revolver, always under his pillow at night, and when he nearly did for me with it, on my returning home late one evening, I had to do something. So I sent him on to his mother for a month.

The country air gradually calmed him down, though at first he gave the local police something to think about. The live stock on the farm, too, got wonderfully expert in dodging his gun. When some restless heifer ventured too near the house during the night, it seemed to know that the cautious opening of a window meant premature bloodshed, and at the sound would scurry off behind a hedge, so that it was only one or two of the inexperienced Norfolks that carried the marks of Reggie's breech-loader, intended of course for thieves. It was observed, however, that during that month there was a marked absence of "followers" about the house.

All this is by way of explanation of what followed.

It was about a week after Reginald's return to the city, and he had got home rather earlier than usual. This is what I was afterward told happened. The faithful Plaggs, our long suffering landlady, had gone to answer a ring at the bell.

"W'ich it may be hall right, sir, an it ain't for the likes o' me to say as 'ow it ain't, but I makes bold to remark that Mr. Reginald is very nervous o' visitors."

"That may be, my good woman, but I don't fancy he will be afraid of his uncle, who has come all the way from Australia to see him. So just show me up."

Thus responded an elderly gentleman in a cheery voice.

Mrs. Plaggs reluctantly complied, muttering to herself, "It wos a' inspector last time. Let's 'ope as 'ow the huncle will turn out bötter. I don't like the looks of it myself."

"Well, my lad," said the visitor, a well dressed and not at all colonial looking man, in a hearty voice, "I don't suppose you remember your old Uncle John, eh?" and he held out his hand to his nephew. Reginald shook it gingerly, and for a moment a wild look came into his eye, soon, however, to be replaced by a determined glare.

"Dear me, how time flies!" Uncle John went on, without giving his nephew time to reply. "Let me see, it must be five and twenty years since I saw you last—a toddling little chap in a blouse. Why, it seems only yesterday since I spanked your brother Alexander—no, George—for stealing my apples, but that was before your time, I fancy. Aye, aye, and I suppose you all thought me dead long ago!" rattled on the old gentleman. "Never troubled to write to any one, you see. How's your mother? Well, I hope. But, bless my soul, you don't seem over pleased to see me!" For Reginald had maintained a freezing silence. "That's the worst of surprise visits," muttered the old man in an aggrieved tone, "and yet your mother ought to have received my wire from Plymouth. That scoundrel of a porter never sent it off, I suppose. Shouldn't wonder if my luggage didn't turn up either, and I with just enough cash left to pay my cab here. However, I daresay my transfer to the bank of New South Wales will arrive tomorrow, and, meantime, I think I may rely upon my only sister's son to accommodate me with the little I want till then, eh, boy? He won't lose by it in the end, you may rest assured," and here the worthy traveler looked somewhat anxiously at his nephew, who continued to regard him with a stony gaze.

"Don't mind me," at length remarked Reginald, "you can't be finished yet, go through with it. You are doing well—best I've seen yet," and he smiled sardonically upon his visitor.

"What do you mean, sir?" retorted the old gentleman in a decidedly peppery tone. "Is the boy mad? What do you take me for? By the jumping kangaroo, this is a nice reception for a man who returns to his native land after a quarter of a century's hard and honorable work and with £50,000 to his credit at the bank. Answer me, sir. What d'ye mean by it?"

"Capital, capital," replied Reginald, with the same expression on his face. "I couldn't have done it better myself. But why, oh, why didn't you make it £100,000? Sounds much better, you see. Quarter of a century, too—very touching, very touching indeed. I see it all in my mind's eye—the long passage by sailing ship, the chill disappointment on landing, the early struggles, the rush to the goldfields, the first nugget, then millions of sheep and cattle and vast acres, wealth pouring in on every hand, then the desire for home, the return by a fast liner, the surprise visit to the humble and expectant nephews, the warm welcome, the temporary loan, the mysterious disappearance of the uncle gone to fetch his mythical luggage. You infernal old scoundrel," continued Reggie, assuming his sternest tone, "do you imagine I don't see it all? Do you suppose I've lived in London all these years to be taken in by such a palpable old fraud as you? Why, I've got it all down here," and he patted his favorite volume, "and many more ingenious little plans. No, you don't catch this young man from the country napping. Mrs. Plaggs, send for a constable."

By this time Uncle John had found his voice. "Well, of all the impudent young cornstalks I have come across this ones takes the banana, as the Queenslanders say. This beats anything I ever heard of between the Murrumbidgee and the Darling. John Timbs a common swindler! Young man, you shall suffer for this. Where's my hat? Let me get out of this. John Timbs of Windsor Plains a fraud and a sharper. By the hopping wallaby, somebody will pay for this," and it was a very angry old gentleman indeed who stumped down stairs.

"He carried it off well," reflected Reginald, who did not try to detain him, "almost well enough to make one think I might have made a mistake, but what nonsense! Everybody knows Uncle John died years ago, and this is some miserable impostor, who may have known him once and ferreted out his connections in the hope of making a little money. A very ordinary dodge," and yet, as Reginald sat down, he didn't feel exactly comfortable.

Shortly after I came in rather hurriedly, for I had had a wire from mother to say that the long absent and almost forgotten Uncle John was due to arrive, and that he might find out our address and call before going home.

"Anybody been here?" I asked sharply, because I did not expect Reggie would have been in so soon.

"Oh, yes," serenely replied the cocksure one, "another of 'em. Dear Uncle John this time."

"You don't mean it?" I shouted. "But you surely weren't fool enough to let him go?"

"Oh, I didn't try to stop him," airily responded the imbecile. "He didn't take me in, though for real, downright acting that last inspector chap wasn't in it with him."

"Of course he wasn't," I yelled. "You've done it this time. Turned your only uncle out of doors and mortally insulted him, I suppose. A man, I expect, worth his thousands, and nobody to leave it to but ourselves."

"Fifty thousand bank credit alone," here the idiot faintly ejaculated.

"That settles it," I said. "Come out and get measured for that straitjacket."

And I leave it to you to say if he didn't deserve it.—London Tit-Bits.

The Widows' Section.

"Where is the widows' section?" asked a visitor to the government printing office the other day. He was prowling around on an upper floor where hundreds of women are employed in the task of folding papers and documents.

"I want to see the widows," the stranger added facetiously.

"Well, you can look at me," replied the woman addressed. "I'm a widow."

The "widows' section" in the big printing house is so called from the exclusive employment of soldiers' widows in a certain class of work that can be easily performed by women who are for the most part past the prime of life. There is a single section, comprising something like 100 of these beneficiaries. They are piece workers and are paid only for what they do, just as are other piece workers. The only favor shown them is the permission of the government to earn a living where their husbands lost their lives—in the service of the government.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Sun Spots.

It has been observed that after the sun spots have been at a minimum the summers are hotter, just as though there was more heat coming from the sun at such periods, and the fact has been accounted for by supposing that sun spots are caused by vast clouds of matter erupted from the sun and condensed in the surrounding space. These act as screens and prevent the sun's heat from radiating freely through them. From an examination of statistics A. B. McDowall, M. A., has found that in England during the hot summers, following the minima of sun spots, the month of August is hotter than July, an effect due, in all likelihood, to accumulation of the heat.—American Register.

The Giant Guards.

The distinction of having the greatest number of tall men in one company belongs to the First battalion of the Scots guards. The "A" or right flank company of that battalion has over 90 men on its roll, and their average height is 6 feet 2¼ inches. There are 12 men in the company over 6 feet 4 inches, and one stands slightly over 6 feet 7 inches. No individual member of the company is less than 6 feet in height.—London Court Journal.

Workmen's Tools of Moses' Time.

A collection of tools used by workmen in building the pyramids of Egypt that is owned by a famous Egyptologist indicate that many tools credited to modern ingenuity were in use when Moses was troubling the pharaohs. It is also announced that a furnace has been unearthed somewhere along the Nile in which hot blast was used centuries before the modern Neilson formulated the same idea.—Age of Steel.

Kept Her Word.

Two young ladies were walking in the woods one day, when they were accosted by an old and much shriveled gypsy, who politely offered to show them their husband's faces in a brook which ran near by for a slight renumeration. So, paying the sum, they followed the hag to the brook, as they were very curious to see how she could do so wonderful a thing and also anxious to see their future husbands. But instead of beholding the faces of the men they so fondly hoped for they saw their own. "We can see nothing but our own faces," said one. "Very true, mem," replied the sagacious fortune teller, "but these will be your husband's faces when you are married."—Exchange.

Neither Gray, Fielding nor Akenside ever sat for a portrait, and their features are known to later times by pictures painted from memory.

Hardi, the great French dramatist, wrote 800 dramatic pieces between the years 1600 and 1637.

HASHEESH SMOKING.

A PREVAILING HABIT AMONG THE TURKS AND PERSIANS.

It Produces Vivid Dreams, Sometimes Causes Terrible Suffering and Is Always Dangerous—Illicitly Sold In the Bazaars of Constantinople.

A traveler returned from an extensive sojourn in Turkey has this to say of the famous drug:

Among my purchases at the drugs bazaar at Constantinople was hasheesh. It is strictly illegal to buy or sell this, and the vender made a great show of mystery about the transaction, besides charging me ten times the right price. It is a soft black stick or coil, made with indian hemp and sundry sweet essences. It may either be drunk with water, eaten as it is, smoked in hubble hubbles or smoked in little terra cotta pipes.

It is said to have the power of conferring a dual personality upon those who take it. Their dreams are extraordinarily vivid, and every detail of them is remembered for a long time afterward. They do not go off to sleep, but have a kind of fit, which does not sound particularly agreeable, though for some reason or other is evidently popular. These at least are said to be the commonest effects of the drug, but it affects different people in different ways, and so some get no further than a bad headache.

It has been used by magicians ever since the middle ages. I remember during the esoteric Buddhism craze some years ago a friend of mine who was bitten by it got hold of some hasheesh and ate it, in the expectation of being able to project his soul across the garden. The hasheesh was badly mixed, and a heavy dose of it had no effect whatever.

He found that his soul persisted in remaining where it was. So he grew bold and helped himself to another lump, in which all the strength of the hemp happened to be concentrated. The result was that two doctors had to walk him up and down the garden all night to prevent his falling into a sleep that would know no waking.

Though its use is forbidden in Constantinople, hasheesh is said to be extensively smoked there, especially among the Persians. I told my guide that I must see this sight, and after a great deal of trouble I managed to get taken to a real hasheesh den. It was a fairly large square room, with a divan running all around it. The walls were whitewashed, and the carpets on the floor were cheap and shabby. One common oil lamp hung from the ceiling, with a big green shade. The center of the room was empty, and there were no tables or looking glasses in it. Two men were squatting Turkish fashion on the divan.

For a long time they seemed to be in a kind of trance, slabbering at the corners of their lips and muttering like madmen. After a short time one of them became livelier and more excited. He burst into a wild laugh which shook his whole body. He placed his hand to his nose, and beginning to stroke it at the top passed his hand down into the air as if his nose had reached an inordinate length.

An attendant passed by with a coffee cup, and the smoker made a wild effort to turn aside his head, angrily telling the attendant to be off, as he was treading on his nose. Then came another wild burst of laughter, and the fit was at an end.

His reason gradually seemed to get the upper hand, and he proceeded to express his wonder that he could have fancied that his nose had grown so long. Then, putting his hand up to it, he remarked, "All the same, it is hurting me confoundedly—just as if some one had twisted it roughly." And, sure enough, the nose was unnaturally red.

It is said that under the influence of hasheesh you know neither time nor place, and that if you fix your thoughts on some place, however distant, that you have never seen you obtain a clear and accurate image of it. I was told a story of a man who had taken hasheesh with the determination to penetrate beyond the grave and find out all about the future life.

He soon exclaimed that he was feeling very cold, then that he was going to die. He grew very pale, his feet became numb, and the cold began to get complete possession of him. His sense of hearing became indistinct. Everything seemed to grow dark around him, and he called for light. Then he stretched out his limbs and remained fixed and immovable. A cold thick sweat was all over him, and the pallor of death was on his face.

Then the attendant thought it was time to come to the rescue, and he rubbed his face and nostrils with lemon juice and made him sit up. The man presently opened his eyes and absently sipped a cup of coffee that was brought to him. When he recovered his senses completely, he was very angry with the attendant for interfering with him just as he had been on the point of penetrating the unknown.

It may be mentioned that the word "assassin" is derived from "hasheeshian," a taker of hasheesh.

English Will Soon Be Universal.

Gladstone computes that the habitual speakers of the English language have increased from 15,000,000 to 105,000,000 during the last 100 years, and that they will number 120,000,000 by the end of the year 1900. At that rate of increase, which is sevenfold each century, such speakers will include not less than 840,000,000 by the end of the year 2000.—St. Louis Republic.

Has to Talk Through It.

Flapjack—Glibley is quite a talker, isn't he?

Treacle—Yes, but his hat will get down over his mouth.—Springfield Union.

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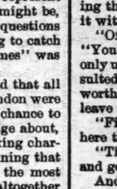

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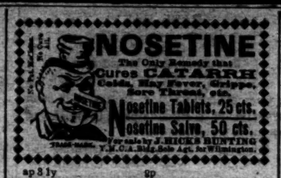

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BY Virtue of the provisions of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed made by Thomas H. Johnson and wife Julia H., in the Wilmington Homestead and Loan Association, and duly registered on the records of New Hanover county in Book No. 83, pages 299 to 301, the undersigned will sell to the highest bidder at public auction at the court house door, in the city of Wilmington, for cash, on May 81st, 1895, at 10 o'clock M., the following described property situate in the said city of Wilmington:

Beginning at the southeast intersection of Seventh and Dock streets, runs thence east with the southern line of Dock street 66 feet, thence south parallel with Seventh street 148 feet, thence west parallel with Dock street 66 feet to the eastern line of Seventh street, thence north with said line of Seventh street 148 feet to the beginning.

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DAILY No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.35 p m, Tarboro 3.48 p m, Weldon 5.43 p m, Petersburg 7.45 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.48 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.58 a m, Boston 8.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.10 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, Norfolk 10.25 a m, Petersburg 2.39 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.30 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.33 p m, Boston 3.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.34 p m, Florence 7.00 p m, Atkin 8.09 p m, Sumter 8.36 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.18 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.40 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.18 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.30 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.03 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 9.30 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.53 a m, Tarboro 12.30 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.13 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.09 p m, Magnolia 4.16 a m.

DAILY 10.00 a m No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.13 p m, Washington 5.30 p m, Richmond 7.11 p m, Petersburg 7.54 p m, †Norfolk 9.10 p m, Weldon 9.37 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.30 p m, arrive Wilson 11.03 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.30 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.29 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11.50 A M No. 56—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.50 a m, Jacksonville 5.30 p m Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.30 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 9.10 p m, Denmark 4.37 p m, Sumter 6.42 a m, Atkins 7.04 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.30 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.45 p m, Halifax 4.00 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 a m, Greenville 8.38 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00a m, Weldon 11.30 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9 50; am returning leaves Tarboro 4 50 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.59 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5 20 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 28 a m and 11 45 p m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 05 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 8 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.20 a m., connecting at Warsaw with main line trains.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Atkins at 9.40 a m and 6.30 p m, arrive Lucknow 11.10 a m and 8 p. m; returning leave Lucknow 6.45 a m and 4 30 p m; arrive Atkins 8 15 a m and 5.50 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dunbar 7.50 p m, Dillon 9.17 a m. Leave Dillon 6.15 p m, Dunbar 6.30 a m, Latta 6.31 p m, arrive Pee Dee 6.53 pm, daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 9.00 a m, arrive Conway at 1.45 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8.15 a m, 9.00 a m, 9.00 p m, arrive Darlington 8.55 a m, 9.35 a m, 9.35 p m, Hartsville 10.15 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 2.10 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m, 5.35 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 5.31 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

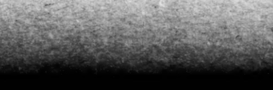
Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.35 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.08 p m, 11.08 p m, arrive Selma 2.33 p m, Smithfield 3.03 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m. 12.53 a m, Rowland 6.00 p m, leave Rowland 9 35 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 9.35 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 a m, Selma 12.39 a m, arrive Wilson 1.30 p m, 11.39 p m.

Trains Ive Pregall's 8.30 a m, Summerton 9.48 a m, Sumter 10.35 a m, Darlington 11.55 a m, Bennettsville 12.49 p m, arrive Hamlet 1.40 p m Returning leave Hamlet 2.10 p m, Bennettsville 3.00 p m, Darlington 3.52 p m, Sumter 5.11 p m. Summerton 5 58 p m, arrive Pregall's 7.21 p m.

H. M. EMERSON,
Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. mar 26 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, Jan. 27, 1895.
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND		STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND	
4	2		1	3
P M	A M	—WILMINGTON—	A M	P M
3 20	7 00	Lv.. Malberry street ..Ar	12 00	7 00
	7 15	Lv.... Surry street... Ar		6 50
4 32	10 17	Lv.. Jacksonville..... Lv	10 07	4 30
4 54	10 37	Lv.. Mayeville..... Lv	9 34	3 30
5 08	11 18	Lv.. Pollocksville..... Lv	9 20	3 00
5 45	12 00	Ar.. Newbern Lv	8 45	2 20
P M	M		A M	P M

Trains 1 and 4 make close connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Jacksonville at 7.30 a m; returning leave Marine's 12 m, arriving at Jacksonville 3.00 p m, connecting with trains 4 and 5.

H. A. WHITING,
General Manager.
J. W. MARTENIS,
Traffic Manager. jan 29 tf

THE
Atlantic National Bank,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Makes Loans to Anybody at Minimum

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 7, 1895

CORINTO EVACUATED.

All the British Troops Leave Nicaraguan Soil and the Ships Sail Away.

MANGUA, NICARAGUA, May 5, (via Galveston.)—The Nicaraguan Government having, through the Salvadorean Minister at London, accepted the modified ultimatum of the British Government the dispute between the two countries is practically at an end. Orders were cabled from London to Rear Admiral Stephenson, commanding the British squadron at Corinto, directing him to evacuate the port to-day, and this was acordingly done.

Shortly after the flag denoting that religious services were in progress on board the warship was hauled down, the marines who had been drawn up in front of the custom house, were ordered to return to their ships. A few minutes later the British flag was hauled down from the government building, and soon the soil of Nicaragua was rid of the British invaders and the long strokes of the sailors were sweeping the heavy boats to the warships lying in the harbor. Huadreds of persons assembled along the shore to see the embarkation of the marines, and a cheer went up as the noses of the boats headed harborward.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

New York Sun's Review of the Situation in Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 6.—The *Sun* says: Cotton fell six to seven points, recovered this, and in some cases advanced one point, closing steady with some months one point up, others unchanged and others one point lower than at the close Saturday. The sales were 124,600 bales. Liverpool declined 13-32d spot, with sales of 10,000 bales. Futures declined three to three and a half points, closing quiet and steady. New Orleans declined six points but recovered this and advanced one to twelve points. Manchester cloths were quiet and yarn offers scarce. Spot cotton here was quiet and uncharged. St. Louis declined 1-16c, Augusta and Savannah were weak. New Orleans sold 2,000 bales. The port receipts were 8,663 against 9,360 last week and 8 609 last year, thus far this 15,414 against 10,807 thus far last week. The New Orleans receipts to-morrow are estimated at 3,500 to 4.500 bales against 5.109 last Tuesday.

To-day's features: The transactions showed no significance beyond that which attaches to these of a purely scalping market. The speculation has come to a pause, and the majority of the operators are simply awaiting developments before embarking in extensive ventures either for a rise or for a decline. Early in the day there was some depression due to the menacing aspect of the Russo-Japan question and to a decline in Liverpool not to mention the dullness of trade at Manchester. But on the decline, the market ran into quite a number of buying orders, largely for short account for operators who had become alarmed at the very heavy rainfall in Texas, though the reports that a compromise had been reached in the matter of the Chinese treaty no doubt contributed in a measure to the firmness noticeable in the later transactions today. It seems, too, that some operators bought on an idea that the next bureau report to be published on the 10th instant will be of a bullish character. But, as already intimated, it was a narrow market, and the business was mostly of a scalping nature, the great majority of operators either trading very lightly or else holding aloof altogther pending further developments in the commercial and political worlds of Europe and Asia.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat Sold at a Decline—Corn and Oats Lower—Pork Produces Firm—July Ribs Higher.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, May 6—The wheat bears had a great day to-day. Even an extraordinary decrease in the visible supply was figured out to mean anything but encouragement to holders. Opening quotations were quite one cent under the closing ones of Saturday, such decline representing the benefit to the growing crop rains of yesterday and last night. Put holders and fortunate shorts gave some support to the market at this time. The reports from Buffalo of the detention of a cargo of Chicago wheat at that place on account of its being inlected with weevil were not calculated to help prices any. The statistical news was, in the main, detrimental to strength, and all of the foreign advices tended to depress prices. July wheat opened from 63⅛c to 63⅜c, sold between 63⅝@63¾c and 63¼c, closing at 62¼—1⅜@1⅞c lower than Saturday. Cash wheat, sample lots, sold at a decline of 1¼c from Saturday.

The sentiment in corn was not entirely in accordance with that existing in wheat. July corn opened from 49¼c to 49⅜c, sold between 49⅜@50c and 49¼c, closing at 49¼@49½c—¼@⅝c lower than Saturday. In the car lot branch of the market sales were made at steady prices, sugar refiners taking most of the offerings.

A general absence of confidence in oats was apparent in the market for that grain. The decline in wheat was followed without much opposition, the appearance of the new crop of oats tending to discourage holders and buyers. July oats closed ⅜c lower than Saturday. Cash oats were ¼c of a cent lower. The feeling in that department was easy.

Provisions were quiet and firm, the market was noted in product. Speculators were undecided as to the proper course to pursue and were watching for some movement on the part of the packers. Weakness in live hog market communicated a similar tone to provisions, early, but after the call there was some unimportant buying accompanied by firmness. The depression in grain later on in the session gave an easy feeling at the close. July pork and lard closed unchanged from Saturday and July ribs 5c higher.

The Supreme Court of Louisiana has decided against the Olympic Club, knocking out the fights before that institution. The result is a death-blow to prize-fights in New Orleans.

Royal Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder Co.,
106 Wall Street, N. Y.

COAL FIELDS STRIKE.

THE SITUATION IN THE POCAHONTAS REGION.

All Quiet Last Night—Military on Guard—Strikers Declare They Have No Intention of Destroying Property.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

POCAHONTAS, VA., May 6.—The situation in the coal field strike is decidedly more complicated to day than at any time since the struggle began. The mines here, the only ones not affected last week, are seriously crippled to day, at least 95 per cent. of the men being out. The strikers in the Elk Horn region have been using all their energy to bring out the miners here and their success yesterday and to-day is undoubtedly a great victory for the strikers throughout the region, as it practically stops the mining of coal at Flat Top. The West Virginia Improvement Company will probably endeawor to secure new men and it is evident that such men will need armed protection. The situation is critical and uncertain. The troops have been ordered from Graham to Pocahontas.

BLUEFIELDS, W. Va.—About 275 of the miners employed at the Southwest Virginia Company's mines at Pocahontas refused to go to work this morning and are joining the United Mine Workers. There is increased excitement and the miners appear more confident. The Southwest Companie's mines are working and are amply protected. At noon nearly all the miners at Pocahontas came out, making the shut-down practically complete.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Naval Advices—The New Spanish Minister Presented to the President—Col. Bice, of Albany, to be Civil Service Commissioner—Treasury Statement—Argument Begun on the Re-hearing of the Income Tax Cases in the Supreme Court.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The Treasury gold reserve was increased to $91,664,193 to-day, a gain of $495,000 for the day. The gain represents gold paid in by the Belmont-Morgan syndicate. The redemptions for the day were $95,000 and the gold paid out for them was about offset by the gold gains from the mints and gold received in exchange for small notes.

Instructions issued by Secretary Carlisle of the Treasury Department to-day made public the fact that State quarantine officers of Florida have been endeavoring to quarantine a Spanish man-of-war especially sent into these waters to keep a look out for suspected Cuban fillibuster expedition, The official statement of the Department is as follows:

A cablegram has been received at the Novy Department announcing the arrival of the Alert at San Juan Del Sur, Nicaragua, to-day. The dispatch says: "All well and all quiet."

Senor Dupuy De Lome, the new Spanish Minister, was presented to the President to-day by Acting Secretary Uhl, with all befitting ceremony and was cordially received, but, contrary to expectations, the prepared speeches delivered contained no direct reference to the Allianca affair.

The case of Fuentes, the alleged newspaper correspondent arrested near Santiago De Cuba for complicity in the Cuban insurrection, was laid before the State Department to-day with the request that steps be taken to secure his release. Fuentes, according to the claim made to-day, is a native-born citizen of the United States and a resident of the State of New Jersey. The State Department asked for additional details on which to base negotiations with the Spanish Government.

The rumors which have been for some time in circulation that Col. Wm. C. Rice, of Albany, will succeed Mr. Roosevelt, as Civil Service Commissioner if he so desires, is confirmed. The President has offered the vacant commissionership to Col. Rice, and it is understood he will accept. Mr. Lyman's successor's has not yet fully been determined upon.

The re-argument of the income tax cases began in the Supreme Court of the United States to-day in the presence of an assemblage of law and laity that, as on the occasion of the original argument, more than exhausted the accommodations of the small chamber in which it was heard. For the first time since last November there was a full complement of Justices on the bench.

W. D. Guthrie opened the argument for the petitioners, Messrs. Hyde and Pollock, who seek to enjoin the directors of the Farmer's Loan and Trust Company and Continental Trust Company of New York, from paying the tax on the dividends declared on the stock of those corporations, and in so doing attacks the constitutionality of the law,

WARM WIRELETS.

The Florida Senate passed the anti-Prize Fight bill yesterday. It now goes to the House where it will meet no opposition.

Investigation having confirmed the responsibility of Oscar Wilde's sureties, Justice Pollock has signed an order for his release.

Dr. Jno. Graham, surgeon at the Lexington, Va., Military Institute, was partially paralyzed yesterday. His condition is very hopeful.

Theodore Roosevelt, Andrew D. Parker and Fred D. Grant were sworn in by Mayor Strong, of New York, yesterday as Commissioners of Police.

Cable dispatches announce the assembling of foreign fleets at Chu Foo; and that Japan will give up possession of the Liao-Lung Peninsula.

Comptroller Eckles has authorized the Central National Bank of Spartanburg, S. C., capital $100,000, and the First National Bank of Washington, N. C., capital $50,000, to begin business.

Charles A. Morgan alias Morganfield, the Aquia Creek train robber, escorted by the sheriff and two guards, was taken from Fredericksburg to the penitentiary at Richmond, Va., yesterday, to begin serving his eighteen-year term.

Silas Lee and an unknown woman, at Selma, Ala., got into an altercation and he drew a pistol and shot the woman. He then placed the pistol to his right breast and fired. He was removed to the police station where he expired in a few minutes. The woman was removed to the hospital and may recover.

Commissioner Miller has designated Samuel L. Rogers, Chief Deputy, to take charge of the office of the Fifth North Carolina Internal Revenue district at Asheville, N. C., and act as collector until a successor to Collector Melvin E Carter, who died Sunday, shall have been appointed by the President.

The Moden Way

Commends itself to the well informed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy Syrup of Figs

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

O'DONNELL-KILRAIN.

A VICIOUS FIGHT BETWEEN TWO BIG PUGILISTS.

Kilrain Knocked Down and Out in the Twenty-First Round in the Presence of 7,000 People.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SEASIDE ATHLETIC CLUB, CONEY ISLAND, N. Y., May 6.—Fully seven thousand persons journeyed to the arena here this afternoon to see the 25-round contest between Steve O'Donnell, who has gained notoriety as Corbett's sparring partner, and Jake Kilrain, the Baltimorean, who was a shining light in the prize-ring five years ago. The announcement that Corbett would be in O'Donnell's corner, and that John L. Sullivan would second Kilrain, probably had some effect on the attendance, which was the largest seen at a fight here since the days when John Y. McKane was all powerful and the recognized "Czar" of this seaside resort.

Neither Sullivan nor Corbett put in an appearance, however. The disappointment of the crowd over the failure of the two big pugilists was soon forgotten when O'Donnell and Kilrain entered the ring. It was a 25-round contest at catweights O'Donnell weighed 180 pounds and was seconded by Billy Delaney, John McVey, Mick Dunn, Benny Murphey and Young Griffo. Jake Kilrain weighed 210 pounds. His seconds were Ernie Gebhardt, Al Herford and Billy Duke, all of Baltimore. When the men faced each other in the ring, Kilrain looked fat.

It was a vicious fight from the first round to the last. In the first round Kilrain brought O'Donnell to his knees by a blow on the eye, and drew blood at the same time. Hard blows were exchanged in every round, but it was not until the eighth round that blood showed on Kilrain's nose. Kilrain was puffing hard by this time and by the twelfth round many of the spectators began to leave the building feeling satisfied that it was O'Donnell's fight and so it was. Kilrains blows when he did land them lacked force, but O'Donnell was making a chopping block of Kilrain. The latter, was game, however, to stand punishment although he could do little harm in return. In the 21st round O'Donnell got in one on Kilrain's jaw and knocked him down and out in one minute and sixteen seconds. Kilrain staggered to his feet but the referee stopped the bout and awarded it to O'Donnell as a matter of mercy. Had he not done so the police would have stopped the fight.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

The Dispensary Injunction Case Before the U. S. Court in Columbia—Argument Begun.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 6.—There was a big sensation at the very outset of the hearing in the dispensary injunction case before Judges Goff and Simonton, of the United States Circuit Court this morning. All are familiar with the fact that Judge Goff recently issued a temporary injunction restraining the State board of Control and all State liquor authorities and employes from interfering with liquor brought from another State to this, not only while in transit, but while in the hands of consignees. State authorities utterly disregard the order of injunction, and Commissioner Mixson issued a circular of instruction to constables ordering them to be more active than ever in seizing liquors. Plenty of seizures were made. Dr. Pope, attorney for complainants, called this to the attention of the Court, and presented a copy of the order with proper affidavits. He also presented affidavits as against certain constables who made seizures. In consequence, Judge Goff issued orders against Mixson, and constables A. T. Davis and S. G. Laffar, requiring each to appear before him at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning and show cause why they may not be attached and punished for contempt of Court. The hearing of all the cases was then proceeded with. Assistant Attorney-General Townsend made the first argument for the State. There will be five altogether. The Court frequently interrupted Townsend with "stunning" questions. The hearing will hardly conclude before to-morrow afternoon.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 6.—Spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 30@30½c. Rosin dull but steady; strained common to good $1 52½@1 55.

CHARLESTON, May 6—Spirits turpentine firm at 27c; receipts 75 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 10; receipts 97 barrels.

SAVANNAH, May 6.—Spirits turpentine firm at 27c for regulars; sales of 130 casks; receipts 1,818 casks. Rosin firm, with a good demand; part advance of 5c on D, E, F and G grades; sales 3,000 barrels; receipts 3,415 barrels; Quotations: A, B, C $1 00, D $1 15, E $1 20 @1 25, F $1 45, G $1 55@1 60, H $1 80, I $1 90, K $2 10, M $2 45, N $2 50, window glass $2 60, water white $2 75.

Peter Hammond, his wife and Miss Bell Taylor were drowned while crossing Denton creek, near Justin, Texas, Sunday. Mr. Hammond was a prominent citizen of Denton county.

A wind and rain storm of extraordinary severity passed over the southern part of Cullman county, Ala., Sunday. All the wires are down and news of the damage is meagre, though known to be great.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BASE BALL.

The Record of Games Played Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Louisville — Louisville- Philadelphia game scheduled for to-day has been transferred to Philadelphia, to be played there September 10th.

Pittsburg—Brooklyn 1; Pittsburg 13.
Cincinnati—New York 8; Cincinnati 4.
Chicago—Washington 0; Chicago 4.
St. Louis—Boston 8; St. Louis 6.
Cleveland—Baltimore-Cleveland game postponed—wet grounds.
Norfolk—Norfolk 0; Lynchburg 4.
Petersburk, VA—Richmond 1; Petersburg 0.
Roanoke, VA.—Roanoke 10; Portsmouth 15.
Montgamery, ALA.—Montgomery 5; Little Rock 14.
Nashville, Tenn.—Nashville 8, Chattanooga 3—game called.

FISHBLATE'S

Modern Methods OF Retailing.

Magnitude means steady progress if general conditions are a guide.

Advancement is proof. Continuous growth is proof positive.

The great store grows greater and stronger. No lag. No stop. Constantly hammering at the Mammoth Production of

Men's, Youth's AND Children's Attire,

Made up for the Spring and Summer, has brought to the front the greatest gathering of dependable wearables ever spread under any one roof in Wilmington.

One Idea, One Thought,

Concentrating the whole force to bring out the best possible values at the very lowest prices, and broaden the scope of the various departments has developed in making each department practically a complete store within itself.

Modern Methods of retailing mean placing the merchandise with the consumer at wholesale prices. Keeping an eye to the consumer's interest furthers our own. Let wisdom place your dollars on the right track—the straight line to economy, and—and just service leads directly here.

There is not an article in the immense establishment not Guaranteed solid value for the price.

Make a comparison between the Styles, Shapes and general Details of Construction of the Union Tailor-made, Form-Fitting, Ready-to-Wear Garments bearing the

FISHBLATE LABEL,

And the ordinary class of clothing usually offered on sale, and the result will be that your purchases are made here every time.

No Trickery, False Quotations Or Limit

To any particular article offered on sale here. Square dealing and correct values are the fundamental principles, and the best proof of the solid worth is backed by refunding money to any dissatisfied purchaser.

It matters not whether interested in Men s Suits, as low as the lowest, as fine as the finest, or Boys' Wear, as cheap as the cheapest, good as the best, there is more variety and better make and infinitely more stylish and correct- fitting goods here than can be shown by any other house in the line—it matters not who nor where.

S. H. Fishblate, King Clothier.

may 1 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Mid-Spring Sale.

The approaching warm weather has increased the demand for lighter fabrics.

We have just received an immense line of the latest novelties in Cotton Weaves. We have all the weights from the heavy Percales to the gauze-like Organdies, and they are going with a rush. The cream of the stock is still on our counters, but another day will find them in the hands of the consumer.

The first thing the consumer requires at the hands of the merchant is honesty, and we give you the best value for your money.

Cotton Specialties.

New line Dimities in Green, Red and yellow, 15c. yard.

The very best quality Lawn in black and white, blue & pink 18c. yd.

Plisse Batiste in pink, blue and shrimp pink, a soft, clinging fabric, at 20 cents a yard.

Those fancy Swiss are the most beautiful creations of the season, and only 35c a yard.

Fancy Basquette cloth weaves are much admired; 35c will buy them.

White Corded Novelties. Some have a beautiful stripe of redor gold, 25c, 30c and 35c a yard.

The most exquisite line of Domestic and foreign woven Organdies are displayed this week. They are very tempting at 25c and 35c a yard.

We have the prettiest line of Ginghams ever brought to the city. The producers of Ginghams have abandoned the old designs, which have become tiring to the consumer, and are giving us designs which are sure to please the ladies. Domestic Ginghams at 10 and 12½c yard; Imported Ginghams at 25 cents a yard.

You know that dotted Swiss will be worn more this season than ever. We have 25, maybe 35 samples to select from. Two weeks more and one third of that number will not be found upon our counters. If you care to choose, we will not advise you to wait. 25c, 30c, 35c and 40c a yard.

All wool Challies sell everywhere at 20c per yard. We are offering them at 12c. They cost us more, but they must and will go.

Don't forget those patent tipped Kayser Silk Gloves, the kind that don't wear out, black and tan, 75c pr.

Chemisettes in white and colors.

Shirt waist silks in endless variety.

Full Line Wollen Goods
Always in stock, black and colors.

Mattings!

We have the largest line of Mattings and Carpets in the State. We buy in large quanties, and secure the best at the lowest prices.

China and Japanese Mattings,
10, 12½, 15 and 20c yard.

Cotton Warp Mattings,
25, 35 and 40c yard.

Japanese Inlaid Matting,
25c a yard.

500 Parasols AND Gents' Umbrellas

Just received.

Richard Hudnut's Toilet Requisites.

Laces and Embroideries
Every conceivable design,
All the widths,
Every price.

Guaranteed as Advertised.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK
No. 9 NORTH FRONT ST.
may 5 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS.

Summer Underwear.

Ladies' Ribbed Vests 5c and upwards.
Ladies' Bleached Vests 10c.
Ladies' high neck long Sleeves 23c.
Ladies' Lisle Thread 45c.
Men's Balbrigan Underwear 25c.
Men's Balbriggan Colored 75c a Suit.
$1.00 grade for 75c.

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS.

Laundered Negligee 43c.
Laundered, separate Collars and Cuffs, 65c.
$1.50 grades latest styles 98c. Styles and qualities are unequalled.

STRAW HATS.

Boys'and Children's 10c and upwards.
Yacht Hats 25c.
Elegant qualities and styles 48c.
$1.50 Hats, latest styles, 98c.
Children's Sailor Hats 20c, 35c and 50c.
Ladies' Sailor Hats 10c and upwards.

TAN SHOES AND SLIPPERS.

Men's and Boys' Tan Shoes $1.25.
$2.50 grade for $1.75.
$5.00 grade Hand-sewed $3.50.
Fall stock all styles Low Shoes.
Ladies' Pat. Tip Oxfords 48c.
Tan Slippers in all styles.
Patent Leather Slippers 98c and up.
Beautiful line latest styles $2.00, $1.35 and $1.75.
Now is the time to visit.

J. H. REHDER & CO.

Car fare paid on all purchases of $2.00 and over
Phone 118 my 5 tf

North Carolina Hams.

We have some fine ones which we fer low in lots to suit.

VISITING MERCHANTS
should see our goods and prices before buying GROCERIES.

HALL & PEARSALL,
Nutt and Mulberry streets.
ap 11 D&W tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

This Week —AT— JOHNSON & FORE

No. 111 Market St.,

New Lines of

Dress Goods

Elegant and Stylish

SILKS.

The Latest

MILLINERY,

Beautiful Hats,

Just in by express.

Beautiful Flowers,

Colgate's Toilet Soaps And Perfumery.

Our Lining Department includes everything needed by dressmakers.

Imperial Pinned Paper Patterns
Are unequalled.

JOHNSON & FORE,

No. 111 Market Street.
ap 7 tf

Some Things That We Don't Do

and some things that we do.

WE DON'T
Handle cheap goods at any price.
WE Do
Sell the best goods obtainable at close prices.
WE DON'T
Cater to the patronage of those seeking cheap stuff. Poor Medicines are worse than no medicines.
WE DO
Try to get the trade of people who can appreciate the value of fresh and reliable medicines. The best of anything is always cheapest. Poor stuff is dear at any price.
WE DON'T
Keep many cheap Cigars but those that we do handle are above the average two for 5c Cigars.
WE DO
Keep a first-class line of first-class 5c and 10c Cigars, and when the "King of Spain" (the latest addition to our assortment) arrives, you will have the opportunity of smoking a 10c Cigar for 5c.
WE DON'T
Mind telling you that
WE DO
Handle an excellent assortment of "Smoking Tobacco," and several brands of high grade Chewing Tobacco.
WE DON'T
Dispense sloppy Soda Water, but
WE DO
Have refreshing "Soda Water," delicious "Milk Shakes" and "Freeze-in" Sherbets, &c.
WE DO
Pay the strictest attention to our prescription department and exercise skill and care in the preparation of medicines, &c.
WE DON'T
Neglect any branch of our business but give to each our personal attention and finally
WE DO
Desire the good will and patronage of all good paying people. Yours,

J. Hicks Bunting,
Graduate in Pharmacy and Registered Druggist,
Y. M. C. A. Building,
my 1 tf Wilmington, N. C.

We Are Merchants

UP TO DATE.

WE DO BUSINESS ON THE STRAIGHT line. We have no specialities; all goods marked in plain figures; everything cheap. I want to tell you this morning about our Millinery. We have received three big shipments this week of New Hats, Ribbons and Flowers. One line of white and colored Wild Flowers, six in a bunch, stand up high, very pretty, at 15c a bunch, worth 25c. Another special value in Flowers, beautiful rich Flowers, half open buds, eight in a bunch, 15c; some very fine bunches at $1.25 a bunch; we have everything your heart may desire from the cheapest to the best. A big job of fine Ribbon; White Shefon and Gross Grain Silk Ribbon, the very newest goods on the market at 45c per yard, 5 inches wide; others ask 80c for same goods; in black, all silk, No. 12 at 5c per yard; in Gross Grain, No. 22 10c; No. 40 at 20c per yard.

Fine Hats Received.

A big lot of fine Hats received in Sailors. We have a job at 9c, very pretty rough Straw goods. A lot of Leghorns in White and Black at 23c each; in the high crown new style Leghorns at 48c, 65c, $1.00 and $1.33 each. A big job of Buckles, Pins or ornaments of all kinds from 1c up to 25c. This is the cheapest lot of goods you ever saw. In Trimmed Hats and all styles from the cheapest to the best. We keep them trimmed ahead for our customers, they sell from 50c up to $4.00 each. When we sell the Hat and Trimming we trim the Hat free of cost. We will trim your old hat over for you for 25c, or make you a nice Lace Hat for 50c and sell you the frame for 25c. The Millinery business is only one branch of our business, but it is a very good one, it gives employment to seven young ladies. You will find this fine display of Millinery Goods on the second floor of our Store in a hall or store room 60x60 square feet completely filled with New Goods all nicely arranged. Come to us for bargains. You will be sure to find them at the one price Racket Store on Front street, opposite the Market House.

BRADDY & GAYLORD, Prop.

Mail orders promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed or money promptly refunded. my 5 tf

New Hoop Iron.

100 Bdls. 1-inch Hoop Iron.
50 Bdls. 1¼-inch Hoop Iron.
125 Bdls. 1½-inch Hoop Iron.
25 Bdls. 1¾-inch Hoop Iron.
100 Bags Shot.
100 Rolls Caps.
25 Kegs Powder.

All new goods, not job lots and old stock. W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
226 North Water Street,
my 5 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

Waverley BICYCLES.

Are the Highest of All High Grades.

Warranted superior to any Machine built in the world, regardless of price.

Guaranty Backed by a Million Dollar Company,

Whose bond is as good as gold. Do not be induced to pay more money, as the Waverley has no superior. Catalogue free.

INDIANA BICYCLE CO, Indianapolis, Ind.
Thos. H. Wright, Exclusive Agent.
ap 27 tf

MAKE US A VISIT.

We gladly invite all citizens for an hour's stroll over the house. Not only are they welcome without being buyers, but so also are their friends. All sight-seeing and information is freely at their service. Here you will find honest merchandise at honest prices. Our ever increasing sales show the appreciation with which you greet our methods of doing business.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

CASH HOUSE,
116 Market st., Wilmington, N. C.

Wash Fabrics.

There is no limit of newness among the Wash goods. Thought and care that you get best always and nearest to your wants. In a stock the size of this there's hardly a chance in hundred of having missed your choice.

Plisse—A new wash fabric as fine as silk and as beautiful, for waists and dresses, regular price 25c, our price 15c a yard.

The Percales—May be 500 styles, all this season's productions and 36 inches wide. In great demand for waists. Best come here for them. Most stores ask more. Our price 12½ cents.

Zephyr Ginghams — Lovely line. Most stores sell them for 15 to 25c, our price this week 8c a yard.

Teazle Down and English Flannellette— The 12½c kinds for 8½c; the best apron Ginghams this week 4½c.

White goods—Nainsook and Lawn in checks and stripes, good value for 15c, our price most always half, 9c.

At 10c—27 inch India Linen, Victoria Lawn, check Nainsook worth 18 cents.

At 15 cents—Victoria Lawns and Check Dimity, India Linen worth 25c

At 19c.—32 inch Dotted Swiss.

The Linings—Best Percaline, fast black and colors, 12½c. Imperial Silesia, 15c quality 10c. Crinoline 10c a yard. Fibre Chamois makes a good interlining, 35 cents.

Colored Dress Goods.

All wool French Printed Challies in light and dark grounds, all new designs and Colorings, worth 45c, at 25 cents.

Remnants of fine wool dress Goods on our centre bargain tables, more than 500 lengths, 3 to 10 yds, goods worth 25c per yard and upward, less than half price.

40-inch silk and wool novelty Cheviots in new two-toned colorings of tan, gray, mode, brown, &c., worth $1.25, at 75c.

46 inch all wool English Storm serges in new and handsome shades of navy and dark blue, imported to sell at 85c, at 59c.

Imported all wool French crepons in the new dimple weave, particularly good value and worth 98c, at 69c.

42 inch French Venetian Crepons, excellent value at $1.25, at 75c.

Silk mixed fine quality French crepons, worth $1.75, at $1.19.

54 inch navy blue storm Cheviots for traveling and general wear, good value for 98c, at 75c.

Fine silk and wool imported French Novelties—We have purchased from a prominent importer the balance of many lines of High class Novelty Dress Fabrics at an enormous reduction; we will offer these goods that would be more than cheap for double the price per pattern, $5.98.

Black Dress Goods.

French Crepons, in deep crinkle, sold this season for 98c, at 49c.

40 inch French Henrietta, in heavy and rich quality, sold this season for 75c, at 49c.

46 inch German Henrietta, in silk finish, sold this season for $1. at 63c.

46 inch storm serge, in excellent grade hard twisted and firmly woven thread, worth 69c. at 59c.

54 inch imported Heavy French Serge, smooth finish of rich quality, worth $1.25, at 80 cents.

40 inch Jacquards, select designs, in mohair and wool, 59c.

85c Black Habitai Silk, 27 inches wide, this week only 49c.

$1.25 black Armure Silk will be offered this week at 89c.

$1 all Silk Rustle Black Taffeta Silk at only 75c.

Remnants of black brocaded India and Satines, worth $1.25, only 60c, 4 to 10 yds in length.

Note—1000 Ladies' Shirt Waists on sale this week at 50c to $1.50.

1000 pieces of finely made Muslin Underwear at 33 per cent below the value.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

116 Market Street,
may 5 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

False Economy.

For any woman to buy a heavy Machine.

Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine

Can be run with No. 120 Cotton in place of the regular band.
Does this not show what a light running machine it is?
SPECIAL RATES on the new improved

Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine

This week. 40 per cent. Saved.
This offer is limited.

Katz & Polvogt,

Sole agents Wheeler A Wilson Sewing Machine.
may 5 tf

For Rent.

I wish to rent out a Steam Grist Mill and Cotton Gin and Turpentine Still, located at Harrell's Store, Sampson county, N. C.

For particulars call on, at my office,
D. L. GORE,
120, 122 & 124 Water street,
Wilmington, N. C.
ap 20 tf

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR

Economy

The order of the Day.

Trimmed Hats.

Just opened, a new lot of Pattern Hats. Styles that cannot fail to please the most fastidious tastes, and at prices lower than charged elsewhere for like qualities.

We have opened a new lot latest styles trimmed Sailors, in all colors.

Untrimmed Hats.

A fine line of fancy Chip, two toned Annon brade, Neapolitan and Fancy Lace straw, Milan, Leghorn and Canton Hats for ladies, Misses and children, and a new line of untrimmed Sailors from 9c up.

RIBBONS.

Dresden, Taffetas, Saten, Moire and Gross Grain Ribbons, all widths

Silks.

Another new lot of Summer Silks, for shirt waists, in new designs, for 20c a yard.

Flowers and Feathers.

Ladies' Underwear.

Shirt Waists, Corsets,
Hosiery, Laces,
Gloves, Dress Trimmings,
Handkerchiefs,
Parasols,
Wrappers.
Capes and Jackets,
And a full line of Infants' Wear.

Our prices are economical facts, in touch with the times.

Don't fail to give us a call, as it will pay you if in want of anything in our line.

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR,

118 Market Street.
Wilmington, N. C.
ap 28 tf

S. H. Fishblate,

We bought the balance of Spring and Summer stock of Hays, Goldberg & Co., of New York, at 60 cts. on the dollar. All fine goods, no shoddy, No old styles—but made for this season's stock.

We will give you bargains never known in the

Clothing Trade.

All Wool Suits,
Former price $10, our price $5.98

ALL WOOL PANTS—
Former price $4.50, our price $2.50

ALL WOOD BOYS' SUITS—
Former price $3, our price $1.50

MEN'S WHITE DUCK PANTS—
25c, worth $1

CHILDREN'S SAILOR SUITS, $1

ALL WOOL KNEE PANTS—
45 cents, former price $1

Straw Hats,
Sold everywhere at $1, our price 50c
A $2 Derby or Alpine Hat for $1

Sweaters.
All wool $1.50, worth $3.00
Cotton Sweaters, 20 cents.
Our 50 cents Neckwear, 25 cents.
Full dress Laundered Shirt 50c, worth $1.

None can be better, none cheaper. Call early and avoid the rush.

Our store will be open until 7.30 p. m. during this sale, and Saturdays until 1130 p. m.

S. H. FISHBLATE,

King Clothier.
may 1 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

You Can Bet

WHENEVER YOU SEE A MAN WITH A nicely groomed moustache, a clean smooth shaven face without pimples and his hair always neat that he is a customer of Prempert's. We have but one price. Whatever you may be, tradesman or millionaire, when we shake those nickles up on Saturday night we do not know who they came from.

H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS,
Experts in Barbering,
my 5 tf 11 South Front St.